



OP C2B services

Pain version 02

Payment transfer products

April 2022

OP reserves the right to changes

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Version	Key changes	Changed section
June 2018	Document updated	
November 2018	Updated the section on cancellation request message	
August 2020	Updates due to adoption of SEPA Instant Credit Transfer and general revisions	
January 2022	Document updated	
April 2022	Document updated	1.5, 2.7, 3.3.

1 General information

The C2B (Customer-to-Bank) payment message enables the use of a single payment standard for all credit transfers by a company. C2B messages can be used for invoice payments, recurring payments, money orders, international payments and SEPA Instant Credit Transfers. C2B payment messages are received by the OP cooperative bank's Web Services channel. The customer retrieves the bank's responses to C2B messages from the same channel. In the Web Services channel, the customer verifies the integrity of the payload retrieved from the bank by verifying the digital signature.

The C2B message is an international ISO 20022 payment message in XML format. The schema for the payload sent to the bank is pain.001.001.02.xsd, and the schema for the bank's response data that the customer retrieves from the bank is pain.002.001.02.xsd.

Using the C2B payment message specified in this description, a company operating in Finland can also send payments in which the debit account is an account in Estonia, Latvia or Lithuania.

The C2B cancellation request message is an international ISO 20022 message in XML format. The schema for the cancellation request sent to the bank is camt.055.001.01. The schema for the bank's response message retrieved by the customer is camt.029.001.03. The automated cancellation request message must be implemented in compliance with the guidelines issued by OP on C2B cancellation requests.

Finance Finland (FFI) has published a guide for banks operating in Finland on the message structure and content of the message used to initiate SEPA payments. In addition to this general guide, instructions issued by OP apply.

The message descriptions are subject to changes. For up-to-date descriptions, please refer to:

- FFI description www.finanssiala.fi/en
- OP description www.op.fi/en

Message types conforming to the ISO 20022 standard

For the schemas and documentation, please refer to the ISO website at www.iso20022.org. Additional information is also available on the Finance Finland website at www.finanssiala.fi/en.

Payload types in the Web Services (WS) channel

Name	Message types conforming to the ISO 20022 standard Schema	Value of FileType field in WS channel
Customer-sent materials		

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Name	Message types conforming to the ISO 20022 standard Schema	Value of FileType field in WS channel
Credit transfer (incl. C2B SEPA Instant Credit Transfers with SEPA payload content.)	CustomerCreditTransferInitiationV02 pain.001.001.02.xsd	pain.001.001.02
Recurring payments (Salaries and Pensions)	CustomerCreditTransferInitiationV02 pain.001.001.02.xsd	pain.001.001.02
Money orders	CustomerCreditTransferInitiationV02 pain.001.001.02.xsd	pain.001.001.02
International payments	CustomerCreditTransferInitiationV02 pain.001.001.02.xsd	pain.001.001.02
Individual real-time SEPA Instant Credit Transfers	CustomerCreditTransferInitiationV02 pain.001.001.02.xsd	pain.001.001.02 TP4 PS01 pain.001.001.02 SCTInst
C2B cancellation request	CustomerPaymentCancellationRequestV01 camt.055.001.01.xsd	camt.055.001.01
Customer-retrieved materials		
Report on technical validation	PaymentStatusReportV02 pain.002.001.02	pain.002.001.02
Report on payload content validation	PaymentStatusReportV02 pain.002.001.02	pain.002.001.02
Report on payment (rejected)	PaymentStatusReportV02 pain.002.001.02	pain.002.001.02
Report on refund (rejected SEPA Instant Credit Transfers)	PaymentStatusReportV02 pain.002.001.02	pain.002.001.02
Report on processed payments	BankToCustomerDebitCreditNotificationV03 camt.054.001.02 MP	camt.054.001.02
Report on processed cancellation request	ResolutionOfInvestigationV03 camt.029.001.03	camt.029.001.03

1.1 C2B payment

In SEPA payments, the account number is given in the international IBAN format.

A reference number provided according to the Finnish reference number standard and given as remittance information in a C2B payment message is passed on to the beneficiary in Finland as a reference for the creditor. The reference number is passed on as-is to other countries, but the manner of passing the data on to the payee depends on the payee's bank.

For C2B payments to Finland, the payment date – that is, information on the account debit date – is transferred to the payee.

Additional information can be provided in the C2B payload, to facilitate the matching and posting of payments or to verify the payer's identity, for example. However, it is not possible to guarantee that all information provided will be transferred to the payee, as this depends on the payer's bank.

C2B payment messages can contain one written message (max. 140 characters), in either unstructured or structured format. In a structured message (Strd), the 140-character limit also includes XML tags and data. In an unstructured message (Ustrd), the 140 characters include only the content of the element, without XML tags. Finnish reference numbers are provided in a structured message.

In OP's internal transfers within Finland and transfers to SEPA banks* operating in Finland, instead of the 140-character message, it is possible to transmit invoice detail entries of a maximum of 999x280 characters. Invoice details cannot be transmitted in SEPA Instant Credit Transfers.

*

Aktia (HELSEFIHH)
Savings Banks (ITELFIHH)
POP Banks (POPFI22)
Danske Bank (DABAFIHH, DABAFIHX)
DnB NOR (DNBAFIHX)
Handelsbanken (HANDFIHH)
Nordea (NDEAFIHH)
OP (OKOYFIHH)
SEB (ESSEFIHX)
S-Bank (SBANFIHH)
Swedbank (SWEDFIHH)
Tapiola Bank (TAPIFI22)
Ålandsbanken (AABAFI22)

Payments are debited from the customer's account on the requested execution date. It is the payer's responsibility to make sure that the debit account has sufficient funds available to cover the amount specified on the payload on the requested execution date. If the amount of funds is insufficient, the entire payment amount is rejected in the last run of the requested execution date.

If the due date on the payload sent for processing is the banking day preceding the date it was received, it will be processed, but the due date will be changed to the date of processing. If the date on the payload sent for processing is a banking day before the preceding banking day, the payment amount will be rejected.

The C2B payment service agreement signed by the customer and the bank will specify whether the payments sent in the C2B payload are paid as individual transactions or whether the payments in each individual <PmtfInf> block are bundled into one debit from the payer's account. In the case of recurring payments, all payments will be bundled into one payment.

1.2 Recurring C2B payments

The C2B payload can be used to initiate SEPA salary, pension, benefit, and other recurring payments in Finland. The batch is recognised as a recurring payment through the use of the code SALA in the Category Purpose element of the C2B payment amount. In recurring payments, the C2B payment message is used to indicate the requested execution date, that is, the debiting date from the payer's account. The funds are credited to the payee's account on the morning of the following banking day, regardless of the domestic financial institution at which the payee's account is held.

There is no pan-European or global salary payment service agreed between banks. When salaries are paid outside Finland, the payments are either regular SEPA payments (if the

requirements for a SEPA payment are otherwise fulfilled), SEPA Instant Credit Transfers, or conventional international payments. We cannot unilaterally guarantee that they are processed all the way to the payee's bank as salary payments as stipulated by Finnish salary payment regulations.

1.3 C2B SEPA Instant Credit Transfers

OP strives to transmit ordinary current value date SEPA payments compatible with SEPA Instant Credit Transfer and sent as C2B payloads via the SEPA Instant Credit Transfer system in accordance with the processing schedules for SEPA payments (excl. recurring payments and payments with invoice itemisations). If the customer wishes to pay certain payments specifically as SEPA Instant Credit Transfers and receive the relevant reports, SEPA Instant Credit Transfers are payable by two methods in the Web Services channel.

- 1 In data format together with SEPA payload content. Standard SEPA payload content may include either SEPA Instant Credit Transfers with the code INST, individual SEPA Instant Credit Transfers, old-style instant payments with the code URGP, or individual URGP instant payments. The size limit for instant payment batches is 1,000 instant payments per batch. Instant payments are identified by the Local Instrument INST or Proprietary Service Level URGP code issued at the batch or transaction level. Instant payments sent among SEPA payload content are processed at OP according to the SEPA payment processing schedules and promptly transferred to the payee's bank. C2B SEPA Instant Credit Transfers in data format can be sent with a value date that is the current date or a future date. The cut-off time for reception on the current day is at 18.00 on the same banking day. If the payee's bank cannot receive SEPA Instant Credit Transfers and the bank is a part of the POPS interbank express transfers and cheques system, OP will direct payments marked with the code URGP automatically to the POPS system if the payment is received before 15.30 on a normal banking day.
- 2 In real time as individual SEPA Instant Credit Transfers. These SEPA Instant Credit Transfers sent as separate urgent payload content types (pain.001.001.02 TP4 PS01 and pain.001.001.03 TP4 PS01) are processed immediately with no delays, and the sender will receive an immediate online response message of the transfers (not in the case of retrieved payload). Individual SEPA Instant Credit Transfers do not involve due date processing and may be sent 24/7/365
If the payee's bank cannot receive SEPA Instant Credit Transfers, but the bank is a part of the POPS interbank express transfers, OP will direct payments automatically to the POPS system.
- 3 Both of the abovementioned types of SEPA Instant Credit Transfers may be paid to banks and payment service providers in Finland and elsewhere in the SEPA, provided that they have adopted the SEPA Instant Credit Transfer service. If a bank operating in Finland cannot receive SEPA Instant Credit Transfers and the bank is part of the POPS interbank express transfers and cheques system, payments marked with the code URGP and sent together with SEPA payload content on normal banking days before 15.30 are transferred to the bank operating in Finland via the POPS system. If a payment to a bank operating in Finland cannot be executed as a SEPA Instant Credit Transfer due to any other reason and the payment passes validations in the POPS system, the payment (payload with the code URGP) is transferred to the POPS interbank express transfers and cheques system, provided that the payment is received on a normal banking day before 15.00. Individual real-time SEPA Instant Credit Transfers are

always transferred as SEPA Instant Credit Transfers and will be rejected if the payee's bank cannot process SEPA Instant Credit Transfers. In this event, the customer can, where possible, pay the instant payment to another bank operating in Finland in data format in accordance with alternative a), as a POPS urgent payment via OP eServices or at a bank branch.

1.4 C2B money orders

A money order is a payment sent in a C2B payload, containing the payee's name, postal address, town/city and postcode instead of the payee's account number. It can also include the Personal Identity Code or a Business ID if you wish to specify the payee in more detail. In money orders, the following standard value is given as the payee's account number: "FI5059999999999991".

The bank will debit the payment from the payer's account on the due date and notify the payee that they or a person authorised by them can redeem the payment at an OP cooperative bank branch. The payer can agree a deadline for the redemption; the deadline can be 14, 21, 28 or 45 calendar days. If the last redemption date is not a banking day, the redemption can still be made on the next banking day.

When the redemption deadline is longer than 14 days, the payer can agree with the bank that the payee is sent a notification in addition to the arrival notification if the payment has not been redeemed within 14 calendar days of the due date of the money order. Payments not redeemed within the redemption period specified by the payer are returned to the payer on the banking day following the end of the redemption period according to the payer's choice:

- as individual transactions on the bank statement
- as a reference service (the money order must have a reference as its identification details).

Money orders must arrive at OP by 12.00 noon on the payment date. Money orders are automatically transferred to further processing at 12.00 noon on the payment date, after which the payee is mailed a notification of an arrived money order. Once the payee has received the notification, they can redeem the money order.

Payers cannot cancel money order transactions after they have become due and debited from their account. The payer must agree directly with the payee on any cancellations. The payee can notify OP that the payee will not redeem the money order, or merely leave the money order unredeemed. Cancelled money orders are returned to the payer on the banking day following the cancellation.

The implementation of the service is agreed with a MONEY ORDER SERVICE agreement between the customer and OP.

1.5 C2B payments in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania

A company that operates in Finland and has a debit account in Estonia, Latvia or Lithuania can send C2B payment data conforming to this description to OP's Web Services channel. Estonian, Latvian and Lithuanian debit accounts are entered in the international IBAN format for C2B payments.

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Functionalities of the SEPA recurring payments service are available in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania. Cheques are not available in the Baltic countries.

SEPA Instant Credit Transfers are not available when paying with OP accounts in the Baltic countries.

When a customer wishes to send local payments in the Baltics with the help of the WS channel in Finland, the customer must complete the payments in accordance with descriptions for the Baltics and as an international payment so that the debit account is an account in the Baltics.

1.6 C2B payload checks by the bank

The bank performs several checks to validate the C2B payload.

A C2B payload sent via the Web Services channel is validated immediately against the schema, and the customer also receives the report in C2B format right away. The code for accepted technical validation is ACTC. If the payload is rejected, the code is RJCT.

The contents of a C2B payment payload, such as account numbers, agent, payment identifier, requested execution date, and amount, are validated during further processing. This validation creates a new C2B report, which notifies of the acceptance or rejection of the batch/transactions.

The payer's message ID (MsgId) must be unique for a minimum of three months, to prevent the same payload being sent more than once. If MsgId, the monetary amounts and quantities of the payments belonging to the batch, and the payment identifier of the batch are the same as in a payload sent successfully during the last three months, the payload will be rejected as a duplicate. The duplicate check will not be performed on a C2B payment batch that has been sent previously but rejected. If you wish to resend a payload and do not wish it to be rejected due to the duplicate check, the MsgId or the monetary amount and/or quantity data of the batch must be modified.

1.7 Responses to C2B payment messages

Response data and payment identification

The bank's response data to payments initiated by a C2B payment message contain references to the original payment payload and in some cases also to individual payments in it. If the batches or transactions contain errors, status reports are created after each payload has been processed.

The original C2B payment message (pain.001.001.02) for which the C2B response message (pain.002.001.02) is generated is identified in the <OrgnlGrplnfAndSts><OrgnlMsgId> element. This element contains the original <GrpHdr><MsgId> provided by the customer in the C2B payload.

In individual payments, the original payment for which the response is generated is identified as follows:

- In C2B payments, the report created for an individual payment contains the ID of the original payment given by the customer in <InstrId>.

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- An individual batch is identified in the report using the 'OrgnlPmtInflId' element.
 - In addition to the ID, the report contains status information and, in the event of errors, a standard C2B error code and possibly a more detailed description of the rejection.
- The Bank-to-Customer Debit/Credit Notification (camt.054.001.02) message has the following levels: Group Header (GrpHdr) and Notification (Ntfctn). The elements of the Group Header block contain common message information for the message, and the elements of the Notification block contain common status report information for the message. The Notification level is further divided into two parts: the Entry (Ntry) part contains common information for all transactions processed, and the Transaction Details (TxDtIs) part contains all the information for each individual transaction.

The Bank-to-Customer Debit/Credit Notification (camt.054.001.02) corresponding to the C2B payment message (pain.001.001.02) can be identified based on the <Ntry><NtryDtIs><Btch><PmtInflId> element in the response message. This element contains the original <PmtInf><PmtInflId> data provided by the customer in the C2B payload. Identification is also possible by means of the information in the <Ntry><NtryDtIs><TxDtIs><Refs><InstrId> element and the <Ntry><NtryDtIs><TxDtIs><Refs><EndToEndId> element.

The payment identification data provided by the customer in the cancellation message is cleared against the identification data of the original payment initiation message. Only cancellation requests that can be matched with the original payment initiation message proceed to cancellation processing.

The IDs of cancellation request messages must be identical to the respective IDs of the original payment messages.

The cancellation of a payment batch is identified using the 'PaymentInformationIdentification' and payment identifier of the original payment message.

An individual payment is cancelled using, in addition to the InstructionIdentification and EndToEndIdentification in the original payment message, at least one of the following: requested execution date, debtor account, creditor account and/or payment amount.

After the cancellation request is processed, the system generates a report for all accepted batches and transactions, as well as for any batch or transaction that cannot be matched, to the customer who submitted the payload.

1.8 C2B cancellation request

C2B cancellation request messages can be sent to OP 24/7, and C2B cancellation requests are processed on banking days between 8.00 and 16.00.

The bank performs a number of different checks to validate the C2B cancellation request. C2B cancellation requests sent to the Web Services channel are schema validated immediately by technical means. If the payload validation results in an error, the customer is given the notification '12 schema validation failed' during the session. The technical implementation of the error message given during the session is described in the service description of the Web Services channel. You can get a more detailed description of the reason for the rejection by calling the Corporate and Credit Transfer Services, tel. +358 100 05151. If the payload passes the validation of the Web Services channel, the cancellation request is

transferred to processing by the bank systems, and the customer receives a report in the camt.029 format.

The contents of a C2B cancellation request payload, such as account numbers, agent, payment identifier, requested execution date, and amount, are validated during further processing.

If there are several debit batches included in a payload, it is only possible to cancel a whole debit batch and individual refunds cannot be cancelled. If there is only one debit batch included in a payload, it is possible to cancel individual refunds.

International payments are always debited individually and therefore, in the case of international payments, a single debit batch includes only one international payment. SEPA payments can be debited either as batch debiting, which means that a single debit includes all SEPA payments included in a payload, or individually, which means that a single debit includes one SEPA payment.

Therefore, an individual SEPA payment, for example, cannot be cancelled if the payload contains both SEPA payments and international payments and if batch debiting has been set for SEPA payments.

2 Sending and retrieving messages

2.1 Stages in the process

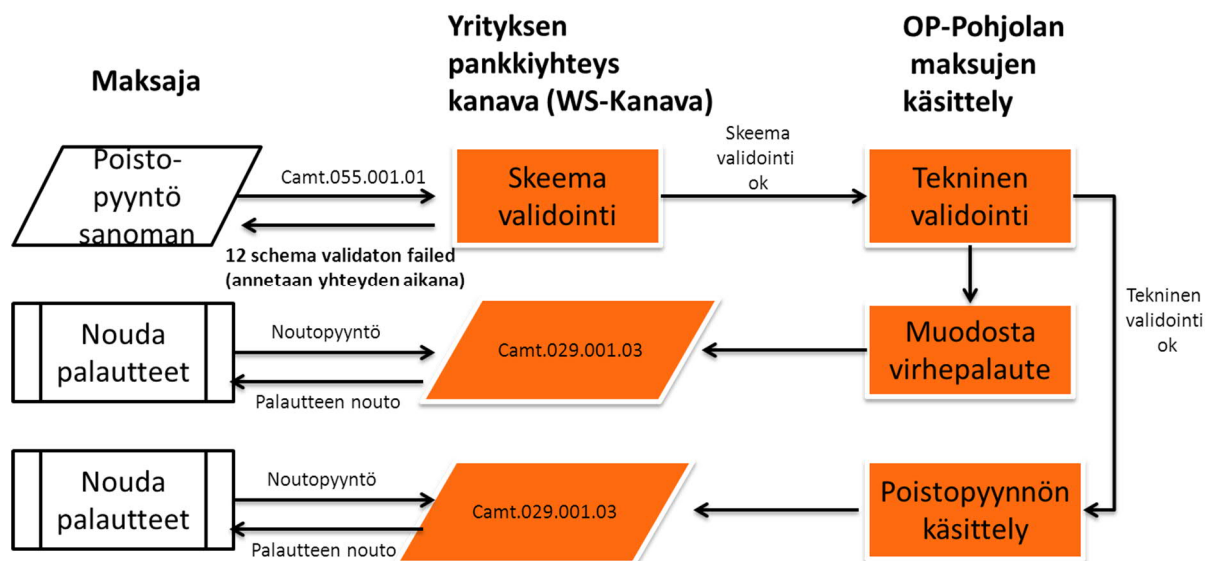
C2B payment payload

- The customer sends a C2B payload in ISO 20022 message format with contents according to OP's customer guidelines.
- The bank identifies the sender and checks that the sender is authorised to send a payload.
- In Finland, the bank returns response messages in the Web Services channel on three levels
 - Channel-level response: Validation of message structure (schema validation). Immediately during the WSC session in the response message. A response is always created.
 - Response feedback: The bank validates the format of the bank account details, the validity of OP bank accounts, and the validity of the required agreements. Payments marked as SEPA Instant Credit Transfers with the code INST are rejected if the payee's bank has not adopted the service. The response message is created within about 30 minutes after receipt of the payment message. A response is always created
 - Response for a payment: Response in 'pain' format for SEPA and international payments in a single batch that have been paid, and for payments waiting for processing or sufficient funds. This message is created within about 30 minutes after the processing of the payload. The response is a summary of the batch paid thus far and the payments waiting for processing or sufficient funds. The last response of the day at 21.20 includes the rest of the payments that could be processed during the day and payments that lacked sufficient funds. The customer's C2B payment service agreement specifies whether a message is to be created for processed payments.

Reports are always automatically created for payments rejected due to insufficient available funds or for another reason.

- Response for a rejected SEPA Instant Credit Transfer: a response in Pain format on rejected payments marked with the code INST or URGP and transferred to the SEPA Instant Credit Transfer system. The response is delivered in intervals of thirty minutes from the Pain response of the payment's debiting. Rejected SEPA Instant Credit Transfers are credited to the customer's account.
- A response in 'camt' format is generated four times a day (at 12.00, 15.00, 18.00 and 21.30) for those payments in the batch that have been successfully paid by that time. The customer's C2B payment service agreement specifies whether a message is delivered for successful payments. However, 'camt' messages are never generated for batches that contain recurring payments with the code SALA.
- The customer may specify in the service agreement that C2B payments will be itemised on the bank statement.
- The customer must retrieve these messages immediately after they are created.
- The parameter for message retrieval is in the format 'mmdl.99999', where 99999 is the ID of the response message from the bank.

Cancellation request



- The customer sends a C2B cancellation request (camt.055.001.01) that conforms with the message structure and contents of ISO 20022 and OP's customer guidelines.
- The bank identifies the sender and checks that the sender is authorised to send a payload.
- In Finland, the bank returns response messages in the Web Services channel as follows:
 - Channel-level schema validation response: Validation of message structure (schema validation). Immediately via the Web Services channel. The response is given during the session. Responses in 'pain' or 'camt' formats that need to be retrieved are not

- generated. The technical implementation of giving an error message during the session is described in the service description of the Web Services channel.
- Cancellation response for reception (technical validation) and processing (processing of the cancellation request):
 - Technical validation: Checks the agreements and the correctness of the information on the cancellation request message. If the agreements or the information contents have shortcomings or errors, a response is generated for the customer. The response only includes the invalid transactions. Otherwise, the cancellation request message will continue to the final cancellation request processing.
 - Processing of the cancellation request: During the processing, the actual cancellation of batches and payments takes place in accordance with the original request. A response is generated for the customer containing both approved and rejected batches and transactions.
 - The customer must retrieve the responses immediately after they are created. All other responses are retrievable, with the exception of the schema validation response given to the customer during the session.

2.2 Structure of the payload file sent by the customer

The payment message is composed of three obligatory parts: Group Header, Payment Information, and Credit Transfer Transaction Information.

Only one Group Header (block A) is allowed in each payment message. It contains the common identifying elements of the message, such as MessageIdentification and CreationDateAndTime.

A payment message may contain several Payment Information (block B) parts. This part contains the debit information for the transaction, such as the Debtor, Debtor Account, and Requested Execution Date. The Payment Information part of the message is repeated if, for example, the Requested Execution Date and/or the Debtor Account changes.

Credit Transfer Transaction Information (block C) is part of Payment Information and can be repeated. It contains the credit elements for the transaction, including the Creditor, Creditor Account, and Instructed Amount.

The C2B payload must use UTF-8 encoding. The payload must be presented in row format and can be without indentation.

The file size limit for payloads sent to OP is 100 MB. An individual C2B payload file can contain a maximum of 100,000 payments. If a file contains more payments, it must be split.

2.3 Schedules for payload sent by customer to bank

Payloads sent to OP will be processed further according to the following daily schedule:

SEPA payments (C2B)

at 2.30, followed by 7.00 → every 30 minutes → 18.00

Payloads received after 18.00 are processed on the following banking day. Payloads can be sent to await payment up to 364 calendar days prior to the due date.

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Recurring SEPA credit transfers (C2B)

at 2.30, followed by 7.00 → every 30 minutes → 18.00

Payloads received after 18.00 are moved to be processed on the following banking day.

The due date of a SALA batch must be a banking day. Otherwise, the batch is rejected.

C2B SEPA Instant Credit Transfers with SEPA payload content

at 2.30, followed by 7.00 → every 30 minutes → 18.00

Payments with the code INST can be sent to await payment up to 364 calendar days prior to the due date.

C2B instant payments (POPS interbank express transfers and cheques urgent payments) with SEPA payload content

at 8.00, followed by every 30 minutes → 15.30, if the payee's bank is not part of the SEPA Instant Credit Transfer system. C2B instant payments with the current date as the value date and received after cut-off are rejected.

If the payee's bank is also part of the SEPA Instant Credit Transfer system and the payment is rejected, payments with the code URGP received by 15.00 are transferred to the payee's bank via the POPS interbank express transfers and cheques system.

Payments can be sent to await payment up to 364 calendar days prior to the due date.

Payments received before noon on New Year's Day and Maundy Thursday will be processed on the same banking day.

Outgoing international payments (C2B)

at 2.30, followed by 7.00 → every 30 minutes → 17.00

Payments received before 17.00 on the execution date will be processed on the same banking day. Payments received before noon on New Year's Day and Maundy Thursday will be processed on the same banking day.

Individual real-time SEPA Instant Credit Transfers

24/7/365

No requested execution date is allowed.

Outgoing payments (C2B) from accounts in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania

Payments received before 14.30 on the execution date will be processed on the same banking day.

Outgoing international payments (C2B) from accounts in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania

Payments received before 15.00 on the execution date will be processed on the same banking day.

2.4 Structure of responses retrieved by the customer

The bank's responses to payments initiated by a C2B payment message use the schema 'pain.002.001.02' or 'camt.054.001.02'. The customer retrieves the responses for the C2B message from the Web Services channel.

The 'pain' response data on payments initiated by a C2B payment message contains references to the original payload and in some cases also to individual payments. If the batches or transactions contain errors, status reports are created after each payload has been processed.

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The 'camt' response data for payments initiated by a C2B payment message contains details of the payment transactions in the batch, such as debtor's name and account number, the creditor's name and account number, the amount payable, the payment date, the transaction identifier, and (for international C2B payments) exchange rate information.

2.5 Response creation and schedules

Status reports (pain.002.001.02) are created for C2B payment messages as the bank processes the payments, as follows:

- 1) Report on technical validation – Immediately via the Web Services channel upon sending the payload.
- 2) Report on content validation – within 30 minutes of sending, during processing times.
- 3) Payment status report ('pain') – Upon rejection of a payment in debit processing, upon rejection of a payment marked as SEPA Instant Credit Transfer in credit processing, and at the end of the day for payments with insufficient funds. Creation of 'pain' messages for successful payments is specified separately in the service agreement.

'Camt' messages are created at 12.00, 15.00, 18.00 and 21.30 for those payments in the batch that have been executed successfully by those times. However, 'camt' messages are not created for batches for which the batch-level (PmntInf) payment category code (CtgyPurp) is SALA. Creation of 'camt' messages for successful payments is specified separately in the service agreement.

2.6 Checking of available funds and payment

It is the payer's responsibility to make sure that the debit account has sufficient funds available to cover the amount specified on the payload on the requested execution date.

If the amount of funds is insufficient, the entire payment amount is rejected in the last run of the requested execution date. If the customer and bank have agreed on individual payments in the C2B agreement, payments are debited in the order in which they appear in the payment instruction until insufficient funds remain, and the rest of the payments are rejected.

A retrievable report on payments with insufficient funds is generated for the customer already during the day. Additionally, at 21.20 at the end of the day, a report is generated for payments with insufficient funds during the day.

Bank service charges are charged monthly by the fifth banking day of the month following the invoicing month.

2.7 Clearing codes

ISO clearing codes are maintained in the External Clearing System Identification Code List, which is available on the Web site of the International Organization for Standardization for ISO20022. OP's SEPA- and cross border payment processing and countries bank details guideline is available on the Web site: [Payment processing and countries bank details](#).

2.8 Charge bearer codes

A charge bearer code can be given at CdtTrfTxInf level for each transaction in the ++ChrgBr element. If a transaction-specific charge bearer code is not given, the PmtInf-level +ChrgBr code is used for the batch.

For SEPA payments, the code is SLEV. For SEPA payments, the code values SHAR and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SLEV.

The codes allowed for international payments are SHAR, DEBT, and CRED. For foreign currency and SWIFT cheques, the charge bearer code must be SHAR.

For international payments, the code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.

Note that the charge bearer code SHAR is mandatory for international payments that fall under the Finnish Payment Services Act when:

- the payee's bank is located in an EU or EEA country, and
- the payment currency is euro or some other currency of a member state, and
- the payment is debited from an account in the same currency (no currency exchange).

If a payment that falls under the Finnish Payment Services Act involves currency exchange, the charge bearer code DEBT is also possible. The charge bearer code CRED can never be used for payments that fall under the Finnish Payment Services Act. The program used by the bank automatically changes the charge bearer codes DEBT and CRED to SHAR for payments that fall under the Finnish Payment Services Act.

2.9 Requirements for adopting the service

To be able to send a C2B payload to the bank, the customer must sign a C2B service agreement with OP. The agreement specifies items such as the customer's payment identifier, the accounts used, response data reporting preferences, and the payload sender. The C2B cancellation request procedure is included in the C2B service agreement and does not require a separate agreement.

In addition, the party sending a payload to the bank must sign an agreement on the use of the Web Services channel.

Before a payment payload is sent to the bank, the structural validity of the payload must be checked against the schema and the messages must be tested.

With regard to accounts in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, the customer must add the account numbers of its accounts in the Baltic countries to the account register of its system.

2.10 Testing environment

The testing environment is described in a separate guideline.

2.11 Help desk and troubleshooting

Corporate and payment transfer services

Author OP	Mailing address P.O. Box 909 00013 OP	Street address Gebhardinaukio 1 HELSINKI	Telephone 010252010	Internet op.fi
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Telephone +358 100 05151 (local/mobile network rate).
 The service is available on weekdays 8–16
 The service will instruct you on how to proceed.

Email yrityspuhelinpalvelu@op.fi

3 C2B payment message and example descriptions

The first column, 'Index', refers to the element number according to the ISO 20022 standard. Check the numbering from the following document: UNIFI (ISO20022) Message Definition Report, Payments Standards – Initiation, Edition September 2006, approved by UNIFI Payments SEG on 6 June 2006 ([Payments_Standards-Initiation.pdf](#)).

The second column, 'Number', contains the number of occurrences of the element according to the schema.

- 0..1 - the element is optional and may occur only once;
- 1..1 - the element is mandatory and may occur only once;
- 0..2 - the element is optional and may occur up to two times;
- 0..n - the element is optional and may occur any number of times;
- 1..n - the element is mandatory and may occur any number of times.

The third column, 'Mandatory (= X),' contains an 'X' if the bank requires the field.

The fourth column, 'Element', contains the element name according to the schema. The plus (+) symbols in front of a name indicate how deep the element is in the XML structure.

The fifth column, 'Example content', contains an example of field content.

The sixth column, 'Description', contains a brief description of the element's designed use and provides additional instructions, if any.

The messages have the following structures:

- Group Header – this level contains the common information for the message.
- Payment Information – one or several levels possible. This level is created for payment transactions per requested execution date and debit account. A separate Payment Information level is created for credit transfers that use the 'SALA' code and have the same requested execution date and debit account. If the customer has agreed with the bank on the use of the SDVA code, a separate batch is created for these transactions.
- Transaction Information – there can be more than one. This level contains the information on an individual payment transaction.

3.1 Group Header

The 'Mandatory' column contains an 'X' only if OP Group Central Cooperative requires an element that is marked as optional in the schema.

Index	Qty	Mandatory* (=X)	Element	Example content	Description
1.0	1..1		GrpHdr		Each message must contain at least one block of this type containing common information for the message.

1.1	1..1		+Msgld	20180102-0000001	Message ID given by payer, which must be unique for a minimum of three months – the bank checks the ID to identify duplicates (If 'Msgld' data is identical, changing the 'Number' or 'Sum' will enable the payload to pass the double check.)
1.2	1..1		+CreDtTm	2018-01-02T09:00:01+02:00	Date and time of message creation by the payer, mandatory
1.4	0..1		+BtchBookg		Not in use. For instant payments marked with the code URGP, a separate debiting bundle is always created (OP cooperative banks in their own bundle and other financial institutions in a separate shared bundle). The debiting methods of other payments (in bundles or individually) are agreed in the service agreement.
1.5	1..1		+NbOfTxs	10	Mandatory; the number of individual transactions, or CdtTrfTxInf transactions, included in the message by the payer. The bank will not check the information given.
1.6	0..1		+CtrlSum	20000.00	Not mandatory. Arithmetic sum of the amounts (InstdAmt tai EqvAmt) of CdtTrfTxInf transactions contained in the message; foreign currencies have no effect on the sum. The bank will not check the information given.
1.7	1..1		+Grpg	MIXD	Mandatory; permitted values are GRPD, SNGL and MIXD. MIXD – the message has one or several occurrences of the PmtInf block, where each may contain one or several occurrences of the CdtTrfTxInf block The payload is always processed as if the value were MIXD.
1.8	1..1		+InitgPty		
1.8...	0..1		++Nm	Firma Oy	Name of message creator
1.8...	0..1		++PstlAdr		Address of message creator
1.8...	0..1		+++AdrLine	Teollisuuskatu 1	Street address
1.8...	0..1		+++AdrLine	00550 Helsinki	Postal address
1.8...	1..1		+++Ctry	FI	Mandatory if AdrLine is given: country code under ISO3166; according to Alpha-2

3.2 SEPA payment (incl. instructions for sending instant credit transfers (one or more) among the rest of the SEPA payload)

Index	Qty	Mandatory* (=X)	Element	SEPA payment example content	Description
2.0	1..n		PmtInf		Each message must contain at least one block of this type, containing common information for the payments and the debit information.
2.1	0..1		+PmtInfd	20180102-123456-01	Not mandatory but recommended, the reference assigned by the payer to identify payment

					batch, passed on to the messages for the payer and account statement. Not passed on to the creditor
2.2	1..1		+PmtMtd	TRF	<p>Mandatory – the values allowed are TRF, CHK, and TRA</p> <p>The only code allowed for SEPA credit transfers is TRF.</p> <p>The CHK value gives instruction to process the credit transfer as a cheque. Cheque information is primarily checked from element 2.47. If element 2.47 is empty and this element has the value CHK, the value BCHQ is conveyed to transaction level, to element 2.47.</p>
2.3	0..1		+PmtTplnf		
2.4	0..1		++InstrPrty		<p>Urgency of payment – the permitted codes are:</p> <p>NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. this is the only urgency code permitted in SEPA payments.</p> <p>HIGH – not permitted in SEPA payments.</p> <p>The information is primarily retrieved from element 2.28. If it is empty, the information contained in this element (if any) is used for the transaction.</p>
2.5	0..1		++Svclvl		
2.6	1..1		+++Cd	SEPA	<p>The values allowed are SEPA, SDVA, and PRPT.</p> <p>This element is not enabled for POPS urgent payments. The code URGP for urgent payments is given in element 2.7.</p>
2.7	1..1		+++Prtry		<p>The only permitted value is the urgent payment code URGP.</p> <p>By including it here, payments in the batch are processed primarily as SEPA Instant Credit Transfers and secondarily as POPS urgent payments.</p> <p>Individual payments may be paid as instant payments by giving the code URGP in the credit information in element 2.31 or the code INST in Local Instrument element 2.33.</p>
2.9	0..1		++LclInstrm		
2.10	1..1		+++Cd	INST PERI	<p>All payments in the batch are processed as SEPA Instant Credit Transfers.</p> <p>Given in the invoice itemisation.</p>
2.12	0..1		++CtgyPurp		<p>Purpose of payment code, not mandatory.</p> <p>The code SALA must be used to identify recurring SEPA payments; See also 2.64 (Purpose)</p>

					<p>Payment batches that use the code SALA will be debited from the account on the requested execution date and are credited to the payee on the banking day following the requested execution date.</p> <p>NOTE! SALA-coded instant payments are debited and credited on the same day.</p>
2.13	1..1		+ReqdExct-nDt	2018-05-10	<p>The mandatory requested execution date can be set up to 364 days in the future (also applies to instant payments).</p> <p>Note: The requested execution date for a SALA batch and an instant payment must be a banking day. If it is not, the batch is rejected.</p>
2.15	1..1		+Dbtr		Mandatory payer information
2.15...	0..1		++Nm	Firma Oy	<p>The bank passes on the payer's name used in the C2B agreement</p> <p>This information is passed on to another financial institution by instant payment.</p>
2.15...	0..1		++PstIAdr		
2.15...	0..5		+++AdrLine		The bank passes on the payer's address used in the C2B agreement
2.15...	1..1		+++Ctry	FI	The country code is mandatory for the payer's address if an address is given
2.15...	0..1	X	++Id	12345678900	<p>This information is used to identify the customer's payload at the bank and to provide information about the debtor to the creditor</p> <p>The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link the payload to a service agreement – i.e., checks to which customer the payload belongs.</p> <p>The payment identifier is mandatory.</p> <p>In addition, the customer can supply one business identifier in a SEPA payment. The ID is not observed in international payments.</p> <p>The only ID observed for international payments is the payment identifier.</p> <p>1. *)Payment identifier mandatory 9–11 characters the same as in the customer's C2B agreement given in the Orgld.BkPtyld element not passed on to the creditor</p> <p>2. Business ID Optional can be either business ID or personal ID</p>

					permitted business IDs (Orgld) are BIC, IBEL, BEI, EANGLN, USCHU, DUNS, TaxIdNb, and Prtryld. passed on to the creditor's bank
2.16	1..1		+DbtrAcct		Mandatory
2.16...	1..1		++Id		
2.16...	1..1 {Or		+++IBAN	FI2550001520322972	In SEPA payments, the account number is always given in IBAN format. The debit account in OP must always be in IBAN format. This also applies when the debit account is an account at OP Estonia, Latvia or Lithuania.
2.16...	1..1 Or		+++BBAN		When the debit account is not with OP, it can be in BBAN format (letters and numbers allowed). In SEPA payments, the account number cannot be given in BBAN format.
2.16...	1..1 Or}		+++PrtryAcct		When the debit account is not with OP, it can be in a Proprietary format (using numbers, letters, and punctuation marks). In SEPA payments, the account number cannot be given in Proprietary format.
2.16...	0..1		++Ccy	EUR	
2.17	1..1		+DbtrAgt		Payer's bank information, mandatory
2.17...	1..1		++ FinInstnId		
2.17...	0..1		+++BIC	OKOYFIHH	mandatory for SEPA payments.
2.19	0..1		+UltmtDbtr		Not mandatory, original debtor. When specified in this field, information is transferred to the bank statement of both the debtor and the creditor.
2.19...	0..1		++Nm		The name of the original debtor is passed on by a SWIFT MT103 message to the message field (field 70), preceded by 'B/O' ('By order of')
2.20	0..1		+ChrgBr	SLEV	The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction. If there is no transaction-specific charge bearer code, it is checked from this field. The charge bearer code for SEPA credit transfers is SLEV. Code values SHAR and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SLEV. The codes permitted for international payments are SHAR, DEBT, and CRED. Code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.
2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Credit transfer transaction information	At least one block of this kind is required
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification

2.25	0..1		+++InstrId		Identification assigned to the payment by the payer, passed on to the messages for the payer and bank statement (customer's own information) – not passed on to the creditor
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	<p>Mandatory end-to-end reference, or unique identification assigned by the debtor to identify the transaction – always passed on to the creditor but passed on to the debtor only for individual payments</p> <p>In the absence of this information, the bank will indicate NOTPROVIDED.</p> <p>EndToEndId is passed on by a SWIFT MT103 message to the message field (field 70), line 1, preceded by '/ROC/' ('Ordering Customer Reference').</p> <p>Not forwarded to the creditor in POPS urgent payments.</p>
2.27	0..1		++PmtTpInf		Payment type information for the bank
2.28	0..1		+++InstrPrty	NORM	<p>Urgency of payment – the permitted codes are:</p> <p>NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. this is the only urgency code permitted in SEPA payments.</p> <p>HIGH – not permitted for SEPA payments.</p> <p>The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.4 (if any) is used for the transaction.</p>
2.29	0..1		+++SvcLvl		Service Level, not in use. Information is given at the PmtTpInf level – i.e., in element 2.6.
2.30	1..1		++++Cd		Not in use. Information is given at the PmtTpInf level – i.e., in element 2.6.
2.31	1..1		++++Prtry	URGP	<p>The only permitted value is the urgent payment code URGP.</p> <p>By including the code here, individual payments can be paid as instant payments. The payment is processed primarily as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer and secondarily as POPS urgent payment.</p> <p>Another option is to enter the code in INST Local Instrument element 2.33.</p> <p>If all payments in the batch are to be paid as instant payments, include the code URGP in element 2.7 or the code INST in element 2.9.</p>
2.33	0..1		+++LclInstrm		
2.34	1..1		++++Cd	INST	The payment is processed only as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer. Another option is to enter the code URGP in Service Level element 2.31.

					In this case, the payment may be routed as a POPS urgent payment if SEPA Instant Credit Transfer cannot be used.
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1		+++InstdAmt	150,00	Instructed amount payable. The specified amount must be between 0,01 € and 999.999.999,99 €.
2.38...			+++InstdAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	EUR	Currency of the amount instructed
2.42	0..1		++XchgRateIn f		Exchange rate information
2.45	0..1		+++CtrctId		Currency trade deal number – i.e., exchange rate reference, which is used only in international payments.
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr		The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction For SEPA payments, the code values SHAR and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SLEV. The codes allowed for international payments are SHAR, DEBT, and CRED. Code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.
2.47	0..1		++ChqInstr		
2.47...	0..1		+++ChqTp		The values CCCH, CCHQ, DRFT, and ELDR are changed to BCHQ. The CHK value in element 2.2 instructs that the credit transfer be processed as a cheque. Cheque information is primarily checked from this element. If this element is empty and element 2.2 contains the value CHK, the value used for this element is BCHQ.
2.47...	0..1		+++DlvryMtd		Cheque delivery method
2.47...	1..1		++++Prtry		For a SWIFT cheque, a field with the mandatory value SWIFT
2.55	0..1		++CdtrAgt		
2.55...	1..1		+++Fin- InstnId		
2.55...	1..1 {Or		++++BIC	GENODEFF	The BIC code of the creditor's bank is not mandatory information for SEPA payments. If it has been specified, it will only be used as complementary information in exceptional situations.
2.55...	1..1 Or}		++++Cmb- ndId		
2.55...	0..1		+++++ClrSys Mmbld		Clearing code
2.55...	1..1		+++++Id		The clearing code of the creditor's bank can be given for international payment if the BIC is not

					known; The clearing code must be given according to the ISO standard The name and address of the creditor's bank are mandatory in connection with a clearing code.
2.55...	0..1		++++Nm		In international payments, the name of the creditor's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not given and/or the payment is not identified as a cheque.
2.55...	0..1		++++PstAdr		
2.55...	0..5		+++++AdrLine		In international payments, the address of the creditor's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not given and/or the payment is not identified as a cheque
2.55...	1..1		+++++Ctry		The country code of the creditor's bank is mandatory if the PstAdr element is used
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Warenhaus Köln	Creditor's name is mandatory. In money orders and SEPA payments, the creditor's name may be up to 70 characters.
2.57...	0..1		+++PstAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	Kirchenstrasse 3	Not mandatory but recommended for SEPA payments and recurring payments. Max. two (2) address lines. Maximum length 2 x 70 characters. Creditor address is mandatory datum in international payments. Max. number of 70 characters in the address field allowed for international payments.
				DE-26458 Köln	
2.57...	0..1		++++StrtNm		Street address is mandatory and used only in money orders. Maximum length 70 characters.
2.57...	0..1		++++PstCd		Postal code is mandatory and used only in money orders. 16 characters.
2.57...	0..1		++++TwnNm		Town name is mandatory and used only in money orders 35 characters.
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	DE	Creditor's country code is mandatory if the creditor's address is provided. Does not apply to money orders.
2.57...	0..1		+++Id		Creditor ID
2.57...	1..1 {Or		++++Orgld		In SEPA payments, the business IDs permitted are BIC, IBEI, BEI, EANGLN, USCHU, DUNS, TaxIdNb, BkPtyld, and Prtryld In money orders, it is recommended to give either the creditor's Business ID or the social security number (TaxIdNb or ScISctyNb).
2.57...	1..1 Or}		++++Prvtld		In SEPA payments, the personal IDs allowed are DrvrsLicNb, CstmrNb, ScISctyNb, AInRegnNb, PsptNb, TaxIdNb, IdntyCardNb, MplyrldNb, DtAndPlcOfBirth, and Othrid The Personal Data File Act regulates the use of Personal Identity Numbers.

					In money orders, it is recommended to give either the creditor's Business ID or the social security number (TaxIdNb or ScISctyNb).
2.58	0..1		++CdtrAcct	DE89370400440532013000	<p>For SEPA and instant payments, the payee's account number is mandatory, and it must always be in the IBAN format.</p> <p>In international payments, the account number can also be in the BBAN or proprietary format.</p> <p>In payment orders, the following standard value is given as the account number: FI5059999999999991.</p> <p>The payee's account is not given for SWIFT cheques.</p> <p>If the payment is not a foreign-currency cheque or a SWIFT cheque, an account number is mandatory and the payment is rejected if it is missing.</p>
2.59	0..1		++UltmtCdtr		
2.59...	0..1		+++Nm		Passed on for SEPA credit transfers
2.60	0..2		++InstrForCdtrAgt		<p>Instructions for the creditor agent / creditor bank are passed on for international payments</p> <p>The first two instructions are observed.</p>
2.61	0..1		+++Cd		<p>Payment instruction code according to the UNIFI standard</p> <p>Codes currently in use:</p> <p>[PHOB] – creditor collects from the bank Paid once the creditor is identified [CHQB] – payment to creditor by cheque</p>
2.62	0..1		+++InstrInf		Further instructions for the foreign bank, max. 140 characters
2.63	0..1		++InstrForDbrAgt		<p>Instructions for the payer's bank</p> <p>The only instruction code currently in use for SEPA payments: [EIOHJ] – no instruction</p>
2.64	0..1		++Purp		Purpose of payment
2.65	1..1		+++Cd		<p>Additional information on the purpose of the SEPA payment from the payer to the payee.</p> <p>Entered as a code.</p> <p>STDY (Study) = Student financial aid BECH (ChildBenefit) = Child benefit PENS (PensionPayment) = Pension BENE (UnemploymentDisabilityBenefit) = Allowance or benefit SSBE (SocialSecurityBenefit) = Benefit</p>

				<p>AGRT (Agricultural Payment) = Agricultural payment SALA (Salary) = Salary TAXS (TaxPayment) = Tax refund</p> <p>If the Category Purpose field (Index 2.12) contains the code SALA and this field contains one of the codes listed, the text matching the code will be passed on to the creditor's account information in OP. Other Purpose codes are passed on as given.</p> <p>Note: If the Category Purpose field (index 2.12) does not contain the code SALA, the code provided is passed on as given.</p>
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf	<p>Message or reference for the creditor</p> <p>The message can contain a Remittance Information block, which may contain a Ustrd element and up to 999 Strd elements.</p> <p>If both are given, the Strd elements are passed on to another bank in Finland and the Ustrd element for cross-border payments.</p> <p>In such a case,</p> <p>1st occurrence must be data in Ustrd format: max. 140 characters option of supplying invoice details using code words</p> <p>Occurrences 2–999 may contain longer Strd elements: max. 280 characters each structured invoice details if tax-message payment, only one Strd block allowed</p> <p>Note: In the Strd block, XML tags are included in the length whereas in the Ustrd block only the content.</p> <p>The bank will not check these details but ensures that long Strd data will be passed on to only those banks that accept long Strd data. Ustrd data will be sent to other banks.</p> <p>Further instructions on the provision of invoice details can be found in UNIFI Guide prepared by Finance Finland; see www.finanssiala.fi/en.</p> <p>Invoice itemisations cannot be transmitted with SEPA Instant Credit Transfers.</p> <p>In invoice itemisations both Strd and Ustrd elements cannot be given.</p>

2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd		<p>Unstructured message to the payee; see 2.84</p> <p>In international payments, the purpose of the payment (max. 140 characters) is given in this field. Max. 1 occurrence.</p> <p>The information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message. Note also that EndToEndId (2.26) is placed at the beginning of the message field. If provided in the payload, CdtrRef (2.105) and UltmtDbtr/Nm (2.19) are also used. This information decreases the number of characters available for the open-ended message.</p>
2.86	0..n		+++Strd		Structured message to the payee; see 2.84.
2.87	0..1		++++RfrdDoc Inf		
2.88	0..1		++++RfrdD ocTp		Invoice type
2.89	1..1		+++++Cd		<p>Used only if the amount has not been given. Used only in ERI invoice itemisations.</p> <p>CREN = credit note CINV or other code = invoice</p> <p>Otherwise, the code (CREN, CINV) is determined by in which totals bucket (2.97 or 2.98) the sum of the invoice or credit note has been entered.</p>
2.92	0..1		++++RfrdD ocNb		Invoice number, not passed on for international payments
2.93	0..1		++++RfrdDoc RltdDt		Date of invoice.
2.94	0..n		++++RfrdDoc Amt.Ccy		Amount and currency of the invoice or credit note
2.97	1..1 {Or		+++++Rmtd Amt		<p>Amount due</p> <p>If the invoice type is CINV or some other code (excl. CREN), this element must be used.</p> <p>In international payments, the invoice amount is placed in the 'camt' message to the payer. This information is not passed on to the creditor or the debtor's account statement.</p>
2.98	1..1 Or}		+++++Cdt- NoteAmt		Credit note amount
2.100	0..1		++++CdtrRe- fInf		Creditor reference information – i.e., invoice or credit note reference
2.101	0..1		+++++CdtrR efTp		
2.102	1..1		+++++Cd		If field 2.105 contains a domestic or RF reference, the value SCOR is given in this field.
2.104	0..1		+++++lssr		Indicator of which standards-based reference number is in use Not used in ERI invoice itemisations with an RF reference.

2.105	0..1		++++CdtRef	RF0212345614	<p>Creditor reference – e.g., Finnish reference number.</p> <p>The processing of the reference as a reference cannot be guaranteed in domestic POPS urgent payments.</p> <p>The RF reference and other reference information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message.</p>
2.108	0..1		++++Add-tIRmtInf		<p>Max. 140 characters of unstructured information</p> <p>Not passed on for international payments.</p>

3.3 SEPA recurring payments are sent as a separate batch (used in Finland, Estonia and Latvia).

2.0	1..n		PmtInf	Example content for recurring SEPA payments	Each message must contain at least one block of this type, containing common information for the payments and the debit information.
2.1	0..1		+PmtInfl	20180102-123456-01	Not mandatory but recommended, the reference assigned by the payer to identify payment batch, passed on to the messages for the payer and account statement. Not passed on to the creditor
2.2	1..1		+PmtMtd	TRF	<p>Mandatory – the values allowed are TRF, CHK, and TRA</p> <p>The only code allowed for SEPA credit transfers is TRF.</p> <p>CHK instructs that the payment be processed as an international payment.</p>
2.3	0..1		+PmtPln		Not mandatory
2.5	0..1		++Svclvl		
2.6	1..1		+++Cd	SEPA	
2.12	0..1		++CtgyPurp	SALA	The code SALA must be used to identify recurring SEPA payments; See also 2.64 (Purpose) Payment batches that use the code SALA will be debited from the account on the requested execution date and are credited to the payee on the banking day following the requested execution date.
2.13	1..1		+ReqdExctnDt	2018-05-10	<p>A requested execution date is mandatory and may be up to 364 days in the future.</p> <p>Note: The SALA requested execution date must be a banking day. If it is not, the batch will be rejected.</p>
2.15	1..1		+Dbtr		Mandatory payer information

2.15...	0..1		++Nm	Company Ltd	The bank passes on the payer's name used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	0..1		++PstlAdr		
2.15...	0..5		+++AdrLine		The bank passes on the payer's address used in the C2B agreement
2.15...	1..1		+++Ctry	FI	The country code is mandatory for the payer's address if an address is given
2.15...	0..1	X*)	++Id	12345678900	<p>This information is used to identify the customer's payload at the bank and to provide information about the debtor to the creditor</p> <p>The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link the payload to a service agreement – i.e., checks to which customer the payload belongs.</p> <p>The payment identifier is mandatory.</p> <p>In addition, the customer can supply one business identifier in a SEPA payment.</p> <p>1. *)Payment identifier mandatory 9–11 characters the same as in the customer's C2B agreement given in the Orgld.BkPtyId element not passed on to the creditor</p> <p>2. Business ID or private ID Optional can be either business ID or personal ID permitted business IDs (Orgld) are BIC, IBEI, BEI, EANGLN, USCHU, DUNS, TaxIdNb, and PrtryId. passed on to the creditor's bank</p>
2.16	1..1		+DbtrAcct		Mandatory
2.16...	1..1		++Id		
2.16...	1..1		+++IBAN	FI2550001520322972	In SEPA payments, the account number is always given in IBAN format.
2.16...	0..1		++Ccy	EUR	
2.17	1..1		+DbtrAgt		Payer's bank information, mandatory
2.17...	1..1		++ FinInstnld		
2.17...	0..1		+++BIC	OKOYFIHH	mandatory for SEPA payments.
2.19	0..1		+UltmtDbtr		Not mandatory, original debtor. When specified in this field, information is transferred to the bank statement of both the debtor and the creditor.
2.19...	0..1		++Nm		
2.20	0..1		+ChrgBr	SLEV	<p>The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction. If there is no transaction-specific charge bearer code, it is checked from this field</p> <p>The charge bearer code for recurring SEPA payments is SLEV.</p>

					In recurring SEPA payments, charge bearer codes SHAR and TYHJÄ are changed to SLEV.
2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Payee information	At least one block of this kind is required
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification
2.25	0..1		+++InstrId		Identification assigned to the payment by the payer, passed on to the messages for the payer and bank statement (customer's own information) – not passed on to the creditor
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	Mandatory end-to-end reference, or unique identification assigned by the debtor to identify the transaction – always passed on to the creditor but passed on to the debtor only for individual payments In the absence of this information, the bank will indicate NOTPROVIDED.
2.27	0..1		++PmtTplnf		Payment type information for the bank
2.29	0..1		+++SvcLvl		Service Level, not in use. Information is given at the PmtInf level – i.e., in element 2.6.
2.36	0..1		+++CtgyPurp		
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1		+++InstdAmt	2000,00	Instructed amount payable. The specified amount must be between EUR 0.01 and EUR -999999999.99.
2.38...			+++InstdAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	EUR	Currency of the amount instructed
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr		The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction In recurring SEPA payments, the charge bearer code is SLEV. In recurring SEPA payments, charge bearer codes SHAR and TYHJÄ are changed to SLEV.
2.55	0..1		++CdtrAgt		
2.55...	1..1		+++Fin-InstrId		
2.55...	1..1		++++BIC	OKOYFIHH	The BIC code of the creditor's bank is not mandatory information for SEPA payments. If it has been specified, it will only be used as complementary information in exceptional situations.
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Example Employee	Payee's name
2.57...	0..1		+++PstIAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	Kotikatu 1	Not mandatory but recommended for SEPA payments and recurring payments. Max. two (2) address lines.
				FI-00100 Helsinki, Finland	
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	EN	Creditor's country code is mandatory if the creditor's address is provided.
2.57...	0..1		+++Id		Creditor ID

2.57...	1..1 {Or		++++Orgld		In SEPA payments, the business IDs permitted are BIC, IBEL, BEI, EANGLN, USCHU, DUNS, TaxIdNb, BkPtyld, and Prtryld
2.57...	1..1 Or}		++++Prvtld		In SEPA payments, the personal IDs allowed are DrvrsLicNb, CstmrNb, ScIscyNb, AlnRegnNb, PsptNb, TaxIdNb, IdntyCardNb, MplyrldNb, DtAndPlcOfBirth, and Othrld
2.58	0..1		++CdtrAcct	FI5158410220025201	For SEPA payments, the creditor's account number is always given in the IBAN format
2.59	0..1		++UltmtCdtr		
2.59...	0..1		+++Nm		
2.63	0..1		++InstrForD- btrAgt		Instructions for the payer's bank The only instruction code currently in use for SEPA payments: [EIOHJ] – no instruction
2.64	0..1		++Purp		Purpose of payment
2.65	1..1		+++Cd	SALA	Additional information on the purpose of the SEPA payment from the payer to the payee. Entered as a code. STDY (Study) = Student financial aid BECH (ChildBenefit) = Child benefit PENS (PensionPayment) = Pension BENE (UnemploymentDisabilityBenefit) = Allowance or benefit SSBE (SocialSecurityBenefit) = Benefit AGRT (Agricultural Payment) = Agricultural payment SALA (Salary) = Salary TAXS (TaxPayment) = Tax refund If the Category Purpose field (Index 2.12) contains the code SALA and this field contains one of the codes listed, the text matching the code will be passed on to the creditor's account information in OP. Other Purpose codes are passed on as given. Note: If the Category Purpose field (index 2.12) does not contain the code SALA, the code provided is passed on as given.
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf		Message or reference for the creditor
2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd		Unstructured message to the payee; see 2.84
2.86	0..n		+++Strd		Structured message to the payee; see 2.84.
2.100	0..1		++++CdtrRe- fInf		Invoice reference no.
2.101	0..1		+++++CdtrR efTp		
2.102	1..1		+++++Cd		If field 2.105 contains a domestic or RF reference, the value SCOR is given in this field.

2.102...	0..1		+++++Issr		Indicator of which standards-based reference number is in use
2.105	0..1		+++++CdrRef		Creditor reference – e.g., Finnish reference number

3.4 Real-time C2B instant payment

The real-time C2B SEPA instant payment message is an international ISO 20022 message in XML format. The schema for the payload sent to the bank is pain.001.001.02.xsd, and the schema for the payload generated for bank's immediate response is pain.002.001.02.xsd.

The real-time C2B SEPA instant payment uses the 'uploadFile' operation:

a request file is uploaded to the Web Services channel in the 'ApplicationRequest.content' element.

The 'ApplicationRequest.fileType' is "pain.001.001.02 TP4 PS01"

Whatever the 'ResponseCode' value of the application request response, the response provided in the 'ApplicationResponse.content' element must be checked. If the value in the 'GrpSts' and 'TxtSts' elements is 'ACSC', the debit and credit transactions associated with the payment are successful.

Index	Qty	Mandatory* (=X)	Element	Example content	Description
1.0	1..1		GrpHdr		Each message must contain at least one block of this type containing common information for the message.
1.1	1..1		+MsgId	20180901-0000001	Message ID given by payer, which must be unique for a minimum of three months – the bank checks the ID to identify duplicates
1.2	1..1		+CreDtTm	2018-05-12T07:51:39.019+03:00	Timestamp of the message's creation by the debtor, mandatory
1.5	1..1		+NbOfTx	1	Mandatory; the number of individual transactions, or CdtTrfTxInf transactions, included in the message by the payer. The bank will not check the information given.
1.6	0..1		+CtrlSum	10000	Not mandatory. Arithmetic sum of the amounts (InstdAmt tai EqvtAmt) of CdtTrfTxInf transactions contained in the message; foreign currencies have no effect on the sum. The bank will not check the information given.
1.7	1..1		+Grpg	MIXD	Mandatory; permitted values are GRPD, SNGL and MIXD. MIXD – the message has one or several occurrences of the PmtInf block, where each may contain one or several occurrences of the CdtTrfTxInf

					block; Payload is always processed under the assumption that the value is MIXD.
1.8	1..1		+InitgPty		
1.8...	0..1		++Nm	Company Ltd	Name of message creator
1.8...	0..1		++PstIAdr		Address of message creator
1.8...	0..1		+++AdrLine	Teollisuuskatu 1	Street address
1.8...	0..1		+++AdrLine	00550 Helsinki	Postal address
1.8...	0..1		+++Ctry	FI	Mandatory if AdrLine is given: Country code under ISO 3166, according to Alpha-2.
2.0	1..n		PmtInf		Each message must contain at least one block of this type, containing common information for the payments and the debit information.
2.1	0..1		+PmtInflid	20180501-123456-01	Not mandatory but recommended, the reference assigned by the payer to identify payment batch, passed on to the messages for the payer and account statement. Not passed on to the creditor.
2.2	1..1		+PmtMtd	TRF	In instant payments, the only permitted value is TRF.
2.3	0..1		+PmtTplnf		Not mandatory
2.4	0..1		++InstrPrty		Urgency of payment – the permitted codes are: NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. this is the only urgency code permitted in SEPA payments. HIGH – processed by the debtor's bank as an urgent payment order; Does not require that the payee's bank process the transfer as an urgent payment order. HIGH is not allowed in SEPA payments.
2.5	0..1		++SvcLvl		Service Level.
2.6	1..1 {Or		+++Cd		Service Level code. The permitted value is SEPA.
2.7	1..1 Or}		+++Prtry	URGP	In instant payments, the permitted value for this element is URGP. Another option for instant payments is to enter the code INST in Local Instrument element 2.10. Regardless of the code used, the payment is processed only as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer.
2.9	0..1		++LclInstrm		
2.10	1..1		+++Cd	INST	The payment is processed as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer. Another option is to enter the code URGP in Service Level element 2.7.
2.13	1..1		+ReqdExctnDt	2018-05-12	In instant payments, the current banking day is the mandatory

					requested execution date. If the date is not the current date, the service will reject the message.
2.15	1..1		+Dbtr		Mandatory payer information.
2.15...	0..1		++Nm	Company Ltd	The bank passes on the payer's name used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	0..1		++PstAdr		
2.15...	0..5		+++AdrLine		The bank passes on the payer's address used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	1..1		+++Ctry		The country code is mandatory for the payer's address if an address is given
2.15...	0..1		++Id		<p>This information is used to identify the customer's payload at the bank and to provide information about the debtor to the creditor</p> <p>The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link the payload to a service agreement – i.e., checks to which customer the payload belongs.</p> <p>The payment identifier is mandatory.</p> <p>In addition, the customer can supply one business identifier in a SEPA payment.</p>
2.15...	1..1 {Or		+++OrgId		Optional business ID - can be either business ID or personal ID
2.15...	0..1		++++BIC		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1		++++IBEI		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1		++++BEI		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1		++++EANGLN		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1		++++USCHU		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1		++++DUNS		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1	X	++++BkPtyId	058858851	<p>The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link the payload to a C2B service agreement – i.e., checks which customer's payload this is.</p> <p>Payment identifier (9-11 char.), mandatory datum, not passed on to the creditor.</p>
2.15...	0..1		++++TaxIdNb		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.15...	0..1		++++PrtryId		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank

2.15...	1..1		+++++Id		
2.15...	0..1		+++++Issr		
2.15...	1..1 Or}		+++++PrvtId		In SEPA payments, the personal IDs allowed are DrvrsLicNb, CstmrNb, SciSctyNb, AlnRegnNb, PsptNb, TaxIdNb, IdntyCardNb, MplyrIdNb, DtAndPlcOfBirth, and OthrlId
2.15...	1..1 {Or		+++++DrvrsLicNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++CstmrNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++SciSctyNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++AlnRegnNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++PsptNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++TaxIdNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++IdntyCardNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++MplyrIdNb		
2.15...	1..1 Or		+++++DtAndPlcOfBirth		
2.15...	1..1		+++++BirthDt		
2.15...	0..1		+++++PrvcOfBirth		
2.15...	1..1		+++++CityOfBirth		
2.15...	1..1		+++++CtryOfBirth		
2.15...	1..1 Or}}		+++++OthrlId		
2.15...	1..1		+++++Id		
2.15...	1..1		+++++IdTp		
2.16	1..1		+DbtrAcct		Mandatory
2.16..	1..1		++Id		
2.16...	1..1 {Or		+++IBAN	FI2550001520322972	A debit account in OP must always be in the IBAN format.
2.16..	0..1		++Ccy	EUR	Currency of the debit account
2.17	1..1		+DbtrAgt		Payer's bank information, mandatory
2.17...	1..1		++ FinInstnld		
2.17...	0..1		+++BIC	OKOYFIHH	BIC code for payer's bank.
2.19	0..1		+UltmtDbtr		Original debtor. This data can also be conveyed at level C in field 2.48. If both fields 2.19 and 2.48 contain data, the data in field 2.48 is observed.
2.19..	0..1		++Nm		Name of original debtor
2.20	0..1		+ChrgBr	SLEV	The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction If there is no transaction-specific

					charge bearer code, it is checked from this field In instant payments, the charge bearer code must be SLEV. Code values SHAR and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SLEV.
2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Credit transfer transaction information	Messages must contain at least one of the following blocks (only one payment per message in instant payments)
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification
2.25	0..1		+++InstrId		Identification assigned to the payment by the payer, passed on to the messages for the payer and bank statement (customer's own information) – not passed on to the creditor
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	The mandatory EndToEndId reference is a unique identifier for the transaction assigned by the payer. In the absence of this information, the bank will indicate NOTPROVIDED.
2.27	0..1		++PmtTpInf		Payment type information for the bank
2.28	0..1		+++InstrPrty		Urgency of payment – the permitted codes are: NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. this is the only urgency code permitted in SEPA payments. HIGH – processed by the debtor's bank as an urgent payment order; Does not require that the payee's bank process the transfer as an urgent payment order. HIGH is not allowed in SEPA payments. The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.4 (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.29	0..1		+++SvcLvl		Service Level.
2.30	1..1 {Or		++++Cd		Service Level code. The permitted value is SEPA.
2.31	1..1 Or}		++++Prtry	URGP	The payment is processed as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer. Another option is to enter the code INST in Local Instrument element 2.34. Regardless of the code used, the payment is processed only as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer.
2.33	0..1		+++LclInstrm		
2.34	1..1		++++Cd	INST	The payment is processed as an SEPA Instant Credit Transfer. Another option is to enter the

					Proprietary code URGP in Service Level element 2.31.
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1		+++InstdAmt	150	Amount payable
2.38...	1..1		+++InstdAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	EUR	Currency of the amount instructed
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr	SLEV	The charge bearer code is determined primarily at transaction level. In instant payments, the charge bearer code must be SLEV.
2.48	0..1		++UltmtDbtr		Original debtor. This information can also be entered in the 'Payment Information' hierarchy level in field 2.19. If both fields 2.19 and 2.48 contain data, the data in field 2.48 is observed. When specified in this field, the information is not transferred to the bank statement of either the debtor or the creditor.
2.48..	0..1		+++Nm		Name of original debtor.
2.55	0..1		++CdtrAgt		
2.55...	1..1		+++Fin-Instnld		
2.55...	1..1		++++BIC	NDEAFIHH	BIC code for creditor's bank
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Yritys Oy	Creditor's name is mandatory
2.57...	0..1		+++PstlAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	Mannerheimintie 1	In instant payments, the address is not mandatory but recommended. Max. two (2) address lines.
			++++AdrLine	FI-00100 Helsinki	
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	FI	Creditor's country code is mandatory if the creditor's address is provided.
2.57...	0..1		+++Id		Creditor ID
2.57...	1..1	{Or	++++Orgld		The company IDs allowed are BIC, IBEL, BEI, EANGLN, USCHU, DUNS, TaxIdNb, BkPtyld, and Prtryld
2.57...	0..1		++++BIC		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++IBEL		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++BEI		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++EANGLN		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++USCHU		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++DUNS		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++BkPtyld		The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link

					the payload to a C2B service agreement – i.e., checks which customer's payload this is.
2.57...	0..1		++++TaxIdNb		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	0..1		++++PrtryId		Company ID passed on to the payee's bank
2.57...	1..1		+++++Id		
2.57...	0..1		+++++Issr		
2.57...	1..1 Or}		++++PrvtId		In SEPA payments, the personal IDs allowed are DrvrsLicNb, CstmrNb, SciSctyNb, AlnRegnNb, PsptNb, TaxIdNb, IdntyCardNb, MplyrIdNb, DtAndPlcOfBirth, and OthrId
2.57...	1..1 {Or		+++++DrvrsLicNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++CstmrNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++SciSctyNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++AlnRegnNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++PsptNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++TaxIdNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++Id-ntyCardNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++MplyrIdNb		
2.57...	1..1 Or		+++++DtAndPlcOfBirth		
2.57...	1..1		+++++BirthDt		
2.57...	0..1		+++++PrvcOfBirth		
2.57...	1..1		+++++CityOfBirth		
2.57...	1..1		+++++CtryOfBirth		
2.57...	1..1 Or}}		+++++OthrId		
2.57...	1..1		+++++Id		
2.57...	1..1		+++++IdTp		
2.58	0..1	X	++CdtrAcct		The account number is mandatory in instant payments.
2.58...	1..1		+++Id		
2.58...	1..1 {Or		++++IBAN	F12112345600000785	In instant payments, the payee's account number must always be in IBAN format.
2.59	0..1		++UltmtCdtr		Ultimate creditor. This information is passed on in instant payments.
2.59...	0..1		+++Nm		Name of ultimate creditor
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf		Message or reference for the creditor

2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd		Unstructured message to the creditor.
2.86	0..n		+++Strd		Structured message to the payee; see 2.84.
2.100	0..1		++++CdtrRefInf		Creditor reference information – i.e., invoice or credit note reference
2.101	0..1		+++++CdtrRefTp		
2.102	1..1		+++++Cd	SCOR	If field 2.105 contains a domestic or RF reference, the value SCOR is given in this field.
2.104	0..1		+++++Issr		Indicator of which standards-based reference number is in use
2.105	0..1		+++++CdtrRef	RF0212345614	Creditor reference – e.g., Finnish reference number

3.5 International payment – payment instruction

2.0	1..n		PmtInf		Each message must contain at least one block of this type, containing common information for the payments and the debit information.
2.1	0..1		+PmtInflId	20180102-123456-01	Not mandatory but recommended, the reference assigned by the payer to identify payment batch, passed on to the messages for the payer and account statement. Not passed on to the creditor.
2.2	1..1		+PmtMtd	TRF	Mandatory – the values allowed are TRF, CHK, and TRA The CHK value gives instruction to process the credit transfer as a cheque. Cheque information is primarily checked from element 2.47. If element 2.47 is empty and this element has the value CHK, the value BCHQ is conveyed to transaction level, to element 2.47.
2.3	0..1		+PmtTplnf		
2.4	0..1		++InstrPrty	NORM	Urgency of payment – the permitted codes are: NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. HIGH – processed by the payer's bank as an urgent international payment order. Does not require that the payee's bank process the transfer as an urgent payment order. The information is primarily retrieved from element 2.28. If it is empty, the information contained in this element (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.5	0..1		++Svclvl		
2.6	1..1		+++Cd		
2.12	0..1		++CtgyPurp		

2.13	1..1		+ReqdExct-nDt	2018-05-10	A requested execution date is mandatory and may be up to 364 days in the future.
2.15	1..1		+Dbtr		Mandatory payer information.
2.15...	0..1		++Nm	Firma Oy	The bank passes on the payer's name used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	0..1		++PstIAdr		
2.15...	0..5		+++AdrLine		The bank passes on the payer's address used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	1..1		+++Ctry	FI	The country code is mandatory for the payer's address if an address is given
2.15...	0..1	X*)	++Id	12345678900	<p>This information is used to identify the customer's payload at the bank and to provide information about the debtor to the creditor</p> <p>The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link the payload to a service agreement – i.e., checks to which customer the payload belongs.</p> <p>The payment identifier is mandatory.</p>
2.16	1..1		+DbtrAcct		Mandatory
2.16...	1..1		++Id		
2.16...	1..1	{Or	+++IBAN	FI2550001520322972	A debit account in OP must always be given in IBAN format. This also applies when the debit account is an account at OP Estonia, Latvia or Lithuania.
2.16...	1..1	Or	+++BBAN		When the debit account is not with OP, it can be in BBAN format (letters and numbers allowed).
2.16...	1..1	Or}	+++PrtryAcct		When the debit account is not with OP, it can be in a proprietary format (using numbers, letters, and punctuation marks).
2.16...	0..1		++Ccy		
2.17	1..1		+DbtrAgt		Payer's bank information, mandatory
2.17...	1..1		++ FinInstnld		
2.17...	0..1		+++BIC	OKOYFIHH	
2.19	0..1		+UltmtDbtr		Not mandatory, original debtor. When specified in this field, information is transferred to the bank statement of both the debtor and the creditor.
2.19...	0..1		++Nm		The name of the original debtor is passed on by a SWIFT MT103 message to the message field (field 70), preceded by 'B/O' ('By order of')
2.20	0..1		+ChrgBr		<p>The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction if there is no transaction-specific charge bearer code, it is fetched from this field.</p> <p>For international payments, the code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.</p> <p>For EEA countries, the code value must be SHAR.</p>

2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Credit transfer transaction information	At least one block of this kind is required
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification
2.25	0..1		+++InstrId		Identification assigned to the payment by the payer, passed on to the messages for the payer and bank statement (customer's own information) – not passed on to the creditor
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	Mandatory end-to-end reference, or unique identification assigned by the debtor to identify the transaction – always passed on to the creditor but passed on to the debtor only for individual payments. When payment is debited from a foreign account, the debtor's reference is given in this element. If the debtor does not want to use a reference, NOTPROVIDED must be used. EndToEndId is passed on by a SWIFT MT103 message to the message field (field 70), line 1, preceded by '/ROC/' (Ordering Customer Reference).
2.27	0..1		++PmtTpInf		Payment type information for the bank
2.28	0..1		+++InstrPrty	NORM	NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.4 (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.29	0..1		+++SvcLvl		Service Level, not in use. Information is given at the PmtTpInf level – i.e., in element 2.6.
2.36	0..1		+++CtgyPurp		
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1 {Or		+++InstdAmt	250.90	Amount payable
2.38...			+++InstdAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	USD	Currency of the amount instructed
2.39	1..1 Or}		+++EqvtAmt		Information on the amount of the counter-value payment
2.40	1..1		++++Amt	1000.00	Amount payable in the currency of the debit account (EUR)
2.40..			++++Amt attribuutti 'Ccy'	EUR	Currency of debit transaction, always EUR.
2.41	1..1		++++Ccy-OfTrf		Currency of payment transaction, other than the currency of debit account
2.42	0..1		++XchgRateInf		Exchange rate information
2.45	0..1		+++CtrctId		Currency trade deal number – i.e., exchange rate reference, which is used only in international payments.
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr	SHAR	The charge bearer code can be given for each individual transaction.

					For international payments, the code values SLEV and TYHJA (empty) are changed to SHAR. For EEA countries, the code value must be SHAR.
2.55	0..1		++CdtrAgt		
2.55...	1..1		+++Fin-Instnld		
2.55...	1..1 {Or		++++BIC	IRVTUS3N	The BIC code of the payee's bank is mandatory for SEPA payments.
2.55...	1..1 Or}		++++Cmb-ndld		
2.55...	0..1		+++++ClrSysMmbld		Clearing code
2.55...	1..1		+++++ld		The clearing code of the creditor's bank can be given for international payment if the BIC is not known; The clearing code must be given according to the ISO standard The name and address of the creditor's bank are mandatory in connection with a clearing code.
2.55...	0..1		+++++Nm		In a payment instruction for an international payment, the name of the payee's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not provided.
2.55...	0..1		+++++PstlAdr		
2.55...	0..5		+++++AdrLine		In a payment instruction for an international payment, the address of the payee's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not provided.
2.55...	1..1		+++++Ctry		The country code of the creditor's bank is mandatory if the PstlAdr element is used
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Ewing Oil	Creditor's name is mandatory
2.57...	0..1		+++PstlAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	5th Avenue	Creditor address is mandatory datum in international payments. 70 characters in total on the first two address line are observed
				Dallas	
				TEXAS 1234	
				USA	
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	US	Creditor's country code is mandatory
2.57...	0..1		+++ld		Creditor ID
2.57...	1..1 {Or		++++Orgld		
2.57...	1..1 Or}		++++Prvtld		
2.58	0..1		++CdtrAcct	9876543210	In international payments, the account number can also be in the BBAN or proprietary format. If the payment is not a SWIFT cheque, an account number is mandatory and the payment is rejected if it is missing.

2.60	0..2		++InstrForCdrAgt		Instructions for the payee's bank – passed on for international payments. The first two instructions are observed.
2.61	0..1		+++Cd		Payment instruction code according to the UNIFI standard Codes currently in use: [PHOB] – creditor collects from the bank Paid once the creditor is identified [CHOB] – payment to creditor by cheque
2.62	0..1		+++InstrInf		Further instructions for the foreign bank, max. 140 characters
2.63	0..1		++InstrForDbtrAgt		Instructions for the payer's bank Only used for special payment methods requiring a separate agreement.
2.64	0..1		++Purp		Purpose of payment
2.65	1..1		+++Cd		
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf		Message or reference for the creditor
2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd	Invoice 5656	Unstructured message to the payee; see 2.84 In international payments, the purpose of the payment (max. 140 characters) is given in this field. Max. 1 occurrence. The information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message. Note also that EndToEndId (2.26) is placed at the beginning of the message field. If provided in the payload, CdrRef (2.105) and UltmtDbtr/Nm (2.19) are also used. This information decreases the number of characters available for the open-ended message.
2.86	0..n		+++Strd		Structured message to the payee; see 2.84.
2.87	0..1		++++RfrdDocInf		
2.88	0..1		++++RfrdDocTp		Invoice type
2.93	0..1		++++RfrdDocRltdDt		Date of invoice
2.100	0..1		++++CdrRefInf		Creditor reference information – i.e., invoice or credit note reference
2.101	0..1		++++CdrRefTp		
2.102	1..1		+++++Cd		
2.105	0..1		+++++CdrRef		The RF reference and other reference information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message.

3.6 International payment - SWIFT cheque

2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Credit transfer transaction information	At least one block of this kind is required. See also 1.7 Grpg.
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification
2.25	0..1		+++InstrId		Identification assigned to the payment by the payer, passed on to the messages for the payer and bank statement (customer's own information) – not passed on to the creditor
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	Mandatory end-to-end reference, or unique identification assigned by the debtor to identify the transaction – always passed on to the creditor but passed on to the debtor only for individual payments. If the debtor does not want to use a reference, NOTPROVIDED must be used. EndToEndId is passed on by a SWIFT MT103 message to the message field (field 70), line 1, preceded by '/ROC/' ('Ordering Customer Reference').
2.27	0..1		++PmtTplnf		Payment type information for the bank
2.28	0..1		+++InstrPrty	NORM	NORM – processed by the payer's bank as a normal payment instruction. The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.4 (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.29	0..1		+++SvcLvl		Service Level, not in use. Information is given at the PmtInf level – i.e., in element 2.6.
2.36	0..1		+++CtgyPurp		
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1		+++InstdAmt	150	Amount payable
2.38...			+++InstdAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	USD	Payment currency, the possible currencies on SWIFT cheques are EUR, USD and GBP .
2.42	0..1		++XchgRateInf		Exchange rate information
2.45	0..1		+++CtrctId		Currency trade deal number – i.e., exchange rate reference, which is used only in international payments.
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr	SHAR	The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction For international payments, the code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.
2.47	0..1		++ChqInstr		
2.47...	0..1		+++ChqTp		The values CCCH, CCHQ, DRFT, and ELDR are changed to BCHQ. The CHK value in element 2.2 instructs that the credit transfer be processed as a cheque.

					Cheque information is primarily checked from this element. If this element is empty and element 2.2 contains the value CHK, the value used for this element is BCHQ.
2.47...	0..1		+++DlvryMtd		Cheque delivery method
2.47...	1..1		++++Prtry	SWIFT	For a SWIFT cheque, a field with the mandatory value SWIFT
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Hotel Ahmed	Payee's name
2.57...	0..1		+++PstlAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	Ata 7	Creditor address is mandatory datum in international payments. 70 characters in total on the first two address line are observed
				Istanbul	
				TURKEY	
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	TR	Creditor's country code is mandatory
2.57...	0..1		+++ld		Creditor ID
2.57...	1..1		++++Orgld		
2.57...	1..1		++++Prvtld		
2.58	0..1		++CdtrAcct		The creditor's account must not be given for SWIFT cheques
2.60	0..2		++InstrForCdtrAgt		Instructions for the payee's bank – passed on for international payments. The first two instructions are observed.
2.61	0..1		+++Cd		Payment instruction code according to the UNIFI standard Codes currently in use: [PHOB] – creditor collects from the bank Paid once the creditor is identified [CHQB] – payment to creditor by cheque
2.62	0..1		+++InstrInf		Further instructions for the foreign bank, max. 140 characters
2.63	0..1		++InstrForDbtrAgt		Instructions for the payer's bank Not in use for SWIFT cheques.
2.64	0..1		++Purp		Purpose of payment
2.65	1..1		+++Cd		
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf		Message or reference for the creditor
2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd	Reservation 7878799	Unstructured message to the payee; see 2.84 In international payments, the purpose of the payment (max. 140 characters) is given in this field. Max. 1 occurrence. The information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message. Note also that EndToEndId (2.26) is placed at the beginning of the message field. If provided in the payload, CdtrRef (2.105) and UltmtDbtr/Nm

				(2.19) are also used. This information decreases the number of characters available for the open-ended message.
2.86	0..n		+++Strd	Structured message to the payee; see 2.84.
2.87	0..1		++++RfrdDoc Inf	
2.93	0..1		++++RfrdDoc RltdDt	Date of invoice.
2.94	0..n		++++RfrdDoc Amt.Ccy	Amount and currency of the invoice or credit note
2.97	1..1 {Or		+++++Rmtd Amt	Amount due If the invoice type is CINV or some other code (excl. CREN), this element must be used. In international payments, the invoice amount is placed in the 'camt' message to the payer. This information is not passed on to the creditor or the debtor's account statement.
2.98	1..1 Or}		+++++Cdt- NoteAmt	Credit note amount If the invoice type is CREN, this element is to be used. In international payments, the credit note amount is included in the 'camt' message to the debtor. This information is not passed on to the creditor or the debtor's account statement.
2.100	0..1		++++CdtrRe- fInf	Creditor reference information – i.e., invoice or credit note reference
2.101	0..1		+++++CdtrR efTp	
2.102	1..1		++++++Cd	If field 2.105 contains a domestic or RF reference, the value SCOR is given in this field.
2.102...	0..1		++++++Issr	Indicator of which standards-based reference number is in use If field 2.105 has an RF reference, the value ISO is given here.
2.105	0..1		+++++CdtrR ef	Creditor reference – e.g., Finnish reference number In the case of tax payment, the code TAXS is given in 2.36 and this block contains the reference number. The tax-related message is given in the following block (2.108). The RF reference and other reference information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message.

3.7 International payment – urgent payment order

2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Credit transfer transaction information	At least one block of this kind is required.
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification
2.25	0..1		+++InstrId		Identification assigned to the payment by the payer, passed on to the messages for the payer and bank statement (customer's own information) – not passed on to the creditor
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	Mandatory end-to-end reference, or unique identification assigned by the debtor to identify the transaction – always passed on to the creditor but passed on to the debtor only for individual payments. In the absence of this information, the bank will indicate NOTPROVIDED. EndToEndId is passed on by a SWIFT MT103 message to the message field (field 70), line 1, preceded by '/ROC/' ('Ordering Customer Reference').
2.27	0..1		++PmtTplnf		Payment type information for the bank
2.28	0..1		+++InstrPrty	HIGH	HIGH – processed by the payer's bank as an urgent international payment order. Does not require that the payee's bank process the transfer as an urgent payment order. The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.4 (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.29	0..1		+++SvcLvl		Service Level, not in use. Information is given at the PmtInf level – i.e., in element 2.6.
2.36	0..1		+++CtgyPurp		
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1 {Or		+++InstdAmt	290.10	Amount payable
2.38...			+++InstdAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	INR	Currency of the amount instructed
2.39	1..1 Or}		+++EqvtAmt		Information on the amount of the counter-value payment
2.40	1..1		++++Amt	1000.00	Amount payable in the currency of the debit account (EUR)
2.40..			++++Amt attribuutti 'Ccy'	EUR	Currency of debit transaction, always EUR.
2.41	1..1		++++Ccy-OfTrf		Currency of payment transaction, other than the currency of debit account
2.42	0..1		++XchgRateInf		Exchange rate information

2.45	0..1		+++CtrctId		Currency trade deal number – i.e., exchange rate reference, which is used only in international payments.
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr	SHAR	The charge bearer code – can be given for each individual transaction For international payments, the code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.
2.55	0..1		++CdtrAgt		
2.55...	1..1		+++Fin-InstnId		
2.55...	1..1		++++BIC	SBININBB104	
2.55...	1..1		++++Cmb-ndId		
2.55...	0..1		+++++ClrSysMmbId		Clearing code
2.55...	1..1		+++++Id		The clearing code of the creditor's bank can be given for international payment if the BIC is not known; The clearing code must be given according to the ISO standard The name and address of the creditor's bank are mandatory in connection with a clearing code.
2.55...	0..1		+++++Nm		In an urgent international payment order, the name of the creditor's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not provided
2.55...	0..1		+++++PstIAdr		
2.55...	0..5		+++++AdrLine		In an urgent international payment order, the address of the creditor's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not provided
2.55...	1..1		+++++Ctry		The country code of the creditor's bank is mandatory if the PstIAdr element is used
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Indi As	Payee's name
2.57...	0..1		+++PstIAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	Indian Street 3	Creditor address is mandatory datum in international payments. 70 characters in total on the first two address line are observed
				Indiala	
				Kalkuta	
				INDIA	
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	IN	Creditor's country code is mandatory
2.57...	0..1		+++Id		Creditor ID
2.57...	1..1		++++OrgId		
2.57...	1..1		++++PrvtId		
2.58	0..1		++CdtrAcct	C-310312345	In international payments, the account number can also be in the BBAN or proprietary format. If the payment is not a SWIFT cheque, an account number is mandatory and the payment is rejected if it is missing.

2.60	0..2		++InstrForCdrAgt		Instructions for the payee's bank – passed on for international payments. The first two instructions are observed.
2.61	0..1		+++Cd		Payment instruction code according to the UNIFI standard Codes currently in use: [PHOB] – creditor collects from the bank Paid once the creditor is identified [CHOB] – payment to creditor by cheque
2.62	0..1		+++InstrInf		Further instructions for the foreign bank, max. 140 characters
2.63	0..1		++InstrForDbtrAgt		Instructions for the payer's bank Only used for special payment methods requiring a separate agreement.
2.64	0..1		++Purp		Purpose of payment
2.65	1..1		+++Cd		Note: If the Category Purpose field (index 2.12) does not contain the code SALA, the code provided is passed on as given.
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf		Message or reference for the creditor
2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd	Payment number 6785 carpets	Unstructured message to the payee; see 2.84 In international payments, the purpose of the payment (max. 140 characters) is given in this field. Max. 1 occurrence. The information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message. Note also that EndToEndId (2.26) is placed at the beginning of the message field. If provided in the payload, CdrRef (2.105) and UltmtDbtr/Nm (2.19) are also used. This information decreases the number of characters available for the open-ended message.
2.86	0..n		+++Strd		Structured message to the payee; see 2.84.
2.87	0..1		++++RfrdDocInf		
2.93	0..1		++++RfrdDocRltdDt		Date of invoice.
2.94	0..n		++++RfrdDocAmt.Ccy		Amount and currency of the invoice or credit note
2.97	1..1 {Or		++++RmtdAmt		Amount due If the invoice type is CINV or some other code (excl. CREN), this element must be used. In international payments, the invoice amount is placed in the 'camt' message to the payer. This information is not passed on to the creditor or the debtor's account statement.
2.98	1..1 Or}		++++Cdt-NoteAmt		Credit note amount

					<p>If the invoice type is CREN, this element is to be used.</p> <p>In international payments, the credit note amount is included in the 'camt' message to the debtor. This information is not passed on to the creditor or the debtor's account statement.</p>
2.100	0..1		++++CdtrRefInf		Creditor reference information – i.e., invoice or credit note reference
2.101	0..1		+++++CdtrRefTp		
2.102	1..1		+++++Cd		If field 2.105 contains a domestic or RF reference, the value SCOR is given in this field.
2.102...	0..1		+++++Issr		<p>Indicator of which standards-based reference number is in use</p> <p>If field 2.105 has an RF reference, the value ISO is given here.</p>
2.105	0..1		+++++CdtrRef		<p>Creditor reference – e.g., Finnish reference number</p> <p>In the case of tax payment, the code TAXS is given in 2.36 and this block contains the reference number. The tax-related message is given in the following block (2.108).</p> <p>The RF reference and other reference information is conveyed to the message field (field 70) by a SWIFT MT 103 message.</p>

3.8 International payment – international payment instruction

Index	Qty	Mandatory* (=X)	Element	Example content of international payment instruction	Description
2.0	1..n		PmtInf		Each message must contain at least one block of this type, containing common information for the payments and the debit information.
2.1	0..1		+PmtInfd	20180102-123456-01	Not mandatory but recommended, the reference assigned by the payer to identify payment batch, passed on to the messages for the payer and account statement. Not passed on to the creditor.
2.2	1..1		+PmtMtd	TRF	TRF or TRA allowed.
2.3	0..1		+PmtPlnf		
2.4	0..1		++InstrPrty		<p>The urgency value can be either NORM or HIGH.</p> <p>The information is primarily retrieved from element 2.28. If it is empty, the information</p>

					contained in this element (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.13	1..1		+ReqdExct-nDt	2018-05-10	A requested execution date is mandatory and may be up to 364 days in the future.
2.15	1..1		+Dbtr		Mandatory payer information.
2.15...	0..1		++Nm	Firma Co	The bank passes on the payer's name used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	0..1		++PstAdr		
2.15...	0..5		+++AdrLine		The bank passes on the payer's address used in the C2B agreement.
2.15...	1..1		+++Ctry		The country code is mandatory for the payer's address if an address is given
2.15...	0..1	X	++Id	12345678900	The customer provides the payment identifier, which the bank uses to link the payload to a service agreement – i.e., checks to which customer the payload belongs. The payment identifier is mandatory.
2.16	1..1		+DbtrAcct		Mandatory debtor account number
2.16...	1..1		++Id		
2.16...	1..1 {Or		+++IBAN	AT611904300234573201	The debit account can be entered as IBAN.
2.16...	1..1 Or		+++BBAN		The debit account can also be entered as BBAN (digits and characters).
2.16...	1..1 Or}		+++PrtryAcct		The debit account can also be entered in proprietary format (digits, characters and punctuation marks).
2.16...	0..1		++Ccy		
2.17	1..1		+DbtrAgt		Debtor's bank information, mandatory
2.17...	1..1		++ FinInstnld		
2.17...	0..1		+++BIC	BKAUATWW	
2.20	0..1		+ChrgBr		The information is primarily retrieved from element 2.46. If it is empty, the information contained in this element (if any) is used for the transaction. The charge bearer codes allowed SHAR, DEBT and CRED. Code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR.
2.23	1..n		+CdtTrfTxInf	Credit transfer transaction information	At least one block of this kind is required
2.24	1..1		++PmtId		Mandatory payment identification
2.26	1..1		+++EndToEndId	9834454645554699	The reference of the IPI is conveyed in this element
2.27	0..1		++PmtTplnf		Payment type information for the bank
2.28	0..1		+++InstrPrty	NORM	The urgency value can be either NORM or HIGH. The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.4 (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.37	1..1		++Amt		As mandatory information, the amount payable
2.38	1..1		+++InstdAmt	45000.00	Amount payable

2.38...			+++InstAmt attribuutti 'Ccy'	EUR	Currency of the amount instructed
2.46	0..1		++ChrgBr	SHAR	The charge bearer codes allowed SHAR, DEBT and CRED. Code values SLEV and TYHJÄ (empty) are changed to SHAR. The information is primarily retrieved from this element. If this element has no value, the value in element 2.20 (if any) is used for the transaction.
2.55	0..1		++CdtrAgt		Creditor's bank details
2.55...	1..1		+++Fin- Instnld		
2.55...	1..1 {Or		++++BIC	OKOYFIHH	BIC of payee's bank.
2.55...	1..1 Or}		++++Cmb- ndld		
2.55...	0..1		+++++ClrSys Mmbld		Clearing code
2.55...	1..1		+++++ld		The clearing code of the creditor's bank can be given for international payment if the BIC is not known; The clearing code must be given according to the ISO standard The name and address of the creditor's bank are mandatory in connection with a clearing code.
2.55...	0..1		+++++Nm		In an urgent international payment order, the name of the creditor's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not provided
2.55...	0..1		+++++PstlAdr		
2.55...	0..5		+++++AdrLi ne		The name of the creditor's bank is mandatory if a BIC code is not provided
2.55...	1..1		+++++Ctry		The country code of the creditor's bank is mandatory if the PstlAdr element is used
2.57	0..1	X	++Cdtr		Creditor's name and address
2.57...	0..1	X	+++Nm	Company Ltd	Creditor's name is mandatory
2.57...	0..1		+++PstlAdr		Creditor's postal address
2.57...	0..4		++++AdrLine	Teollisuuskatu 1	In cross-border payment instructions, the creditor's postal address is mandatory
				00550 Helsinki	
				FINLAND	
2.57...	1..1		++++Ctry	FI	Creditor's country code is mandatory
2.58	0..1		++CdtrAcct	FI2550001520322972	The account number can also be in the BBAN or proprietary format.
2.63	0..1		++InstrForD- btrAgt		Instructions for the payer's bank. Code can be SDVA, URGP, INTC or CORT. This information is passed on to the creditor's agent in the message MT101 in the field 23E.
2.84	0..1		++RmtInf		Message or reference for the creditor
2.85	0..1		+++Ustrd	Invoice 765	Unstructured message to the creditor.

					The purpose of the payment (max. 140 characters) is given in this field.
2.86	0..n		+++Strd		Reference for the creditor.
2.100	0..1		++++CdtrRefInf		Creditor reference information – i.e., invoice or credit note reference
2.105	0..1		++++CdtrRef		Reference

4 Bank C2B response and message description

4.1 Report on technical validation

- The structure of the C2B payment message is accepted (technical validation):
 - Response message Group Status is ACTC.
- The payment message is rejected:
 - Response message Group Status is RJCT.

Even a single payment with a schema error causes the entire payload to be rejected.

4.2 Report on payload content validation

- All transactions in the payment message are accepted:
 - Message Group Status is ACCP.
 - The Transaction Status for each batch is ACCP.
- A part of the batches are rejected and a part accepted:
 - Group Status of the response message is PART.
 - 'TransactionStatus' for each accepted batch is ACCP.
 - 'TransactionStatus' for each rejected batch is RJCT.
- All batches in the payment message are rejected:
 - Response message 'GroupStatus' is RJCT.
 - 'TransactionStatus' for each batch is RJCT.
- Some payments in a batch are rejected:
 - Group Status of the response message is PART.
 - Message 'TransactionStatus' for the rejected credit transfer transaction is RJCT.
 - Accepted transactions are not reported.

4.3 Payment status report ('pain')

A 'pain' status report is always created for transactions that were rejected or had insufficient funds. When entering into the agreement, the customer selects whether the response will also report successfully paid batches.

- The (debiting) batch of the payment initiation message remains with the payments with insufficient funds:
 - The Group Status of the response message is PDNG, and the Transaction Status of each/the (debiting) batch / payment with insufficient funds is PDNG.

- Once the account has sufficient funds to debit all payments, a response in which Group Status is ACSP and Transaction Status is ACSP is created.
- At 21.20 at the end of the day on the due date/processing date, a response in which Group Status and Transaction Status are RJCT is formed of the payments that ultimately failed due to insufficient funds.
- All transactions in the payment message are accepted:
 - The Group Status of the response message and the Transaction Status of each batch is ACSP.
 - Instructed Amount is the total amount of the successful batch.
- Some batches of the payment initiation message are rejected, some accepted, or some have insufficient funds:
 - Group Status of the response message is PART.
 - The Transaction Status of each fully accepted batch is ACSP.
 - Other information of the accepted transactions is not reported in the response message.
 - The information of individually accepted payments are not reported in the response message.
 - The Transaction Status of each rejected batch/payment is RJCT.
 - The Transaction Status of each batch for which there were insufficient funds is PDNG.
- All batches in the payment initiation message are rejected:
 - The Group Status of the response message and the Transaction Status of each batch is RJCT.
- If the payload includes payments/batches with a due date in the future, the Group Status of the current day's response is PART; this also applies if the payload contains only accepted payments/batches with Transaction Status ACSP. If, at the end of the current day, all payments/batches in the payload have been rejected, the Group Status is RJCT.
 - There was no time for processing all payments in the batch on the same day. This can happen, when a batch contains SEPA payments and international payments and the batch arrives at the bank after the international payment cut-off time at 17.00. The international payments are then given the next day's date as the due date, and they will be processed in the same way as the processing of batches with several due dates described above.

Index	Qty	Element	Example content	Description
1.0	1..1	GrpHdr		
1.1	1..1	+MsgId	153986	Unique ID assigned by the bank to the response payload
1.2	1..1	+CreDtTm	2018-02-11T18:12:02+03:00	Creation date and time of response message
2.0	1..1	OrgnlGrpInfAndSts		
2.1	1..1	+OrgnlMsgId	20180102-0000001	Identification from the original pain.001.001.02 message (MsgId)
2.3	1..1	+OrgnlMsgNmId	pain.001.001.02	Type of original message (pain.001.001.02)
2.4	0..1	+OrgnlCreDtTm	2018-01-12T09:00:01+02:00	Timestamp from the original message's CreDtTm

2.6	0..1	+OrgnlNbOfTxs	1	Number of transactions in the original message
		+OrgnlCtrISum		
2.8	0..1	+GrpSts	ACCP	<p>Payload status code</p> <p>ACSP – all batches in the payload have been processed successfully</p> <p>ACCP – payload is accepted for processing</p> <p>ACTC – technical validation has succeeded</p> <p>RJCT – all batches in the payload are rejected</p> <p>PART – some batches in the payload have been processed successfully and some rejected, some transactions in at least one batch will be processed later, or the payload contains batches that specify different requested execution dates</p>
2.9	0..1	+StsRsnInf		More detailed description of status data
2.11	0..1	++StsRsn		
2.12	1..1	+++Cd		Rejection reason code
2.14	0..1	++AddtlStsRsnInf		Error description (optional), to provide additional information for the above code
3.0	0..n	+TxInfAndSts		Status of individual payments / batch
3.2	0..1	++OrgnlPmntInfld	20180102-123456-01	Unique batch identifier given by the customer from the payload field
3.3	0..1	++OrgnlInstrId		Unique payment identifier given by the customer: from the InstrId field of the pain.001.001.02 message
3.4	0..1	++OrgnlEndToEndId		From the EndToEndId field of the pain.001.001.02 message
3.5	0..1	++OrgnlTxId	201806085ERA00000003	Filing number
3.6	0..1	++TxSts	ACCP	<p>Payment/batch status code</p> <p>ACSP – batch processed successfully</p> <p>ACCP – payment/batch is accepted for processing</p> <p>RJCT – payment/batch is rejected</p> <p>PDNG – transaction awaiting processing or funds</p>
3.7	0..1	++StsRsnInf		
3.9	0..1	+++StsRsn		
3.10	1..1	++++Cd		Rejection reason code
3.12	0..1	+++AddtlStsRsnInf		Error description (optional), to provide additional information for the above code
		++OrgnlTxRef		
3.19	0..1	+++Amt		

3.20	1..1	+++InstdAmt	150	Amount for transaction/batch
3.25	0..1	+++ReqdExctnDt	2018-05-10	Due date
		+++UltmtDbtr		Original debtor
		++++Nm		Name
		+++Dbtr		Payer
		++++Nm		Name
3.98	0..1	+++DbtrAcct		Payer's account
3.98...	1..1	++++Id		
3.98...	1..1	++++IBAN	FI2550001520322972	Account number in IBAN format
3.98...	1..1	++++BBAN		Account number in BBAN format
3.98...	1..1	++++PrtryAcct		
3.98...	1..1	+++++Id		Other account number
		+++Cdtr		Payee
		++++Nm		Name
3.104	0..1	+++CdtrAcct		Payee's account
3.104...	1..1	++++Id		
3.104...	1..1	++++IBAN		Account number in IBAN format
3.104...	1..1	++++BBAN		Account number in BBAN format
3.104...	1..1	++++PrtryAcct		
3.104...	1..1	+++++Id		Other account number
		+++UltmtCdtr		Ultimate payee
		++++Nm		Name

Reasons for rejections

AB05	Clearing process aborted due to timeout at the Beneficiary PSP (Creditor Agent).	Clearing process aborted due to timeout at the Beneficiary PSP (Creditor Agent).
AB09	Transaction failed due to error at the creditor agent. Please try again later.	Transaction failed due to error at the creditor agent. Please try again later.
AC01	Incorrect account number	Incorrect account number
AC01	Incorrect payee's account	Incorrect payee's account
AC01	Payee's account missing	Payee's account missing
AC01	Incorrect payer's account	Incorrect payer's account
AC04	Account closed	Account closed
AC04	Payee's account closed. Please contact the beneficiary.	Payee's account closed. Please contact the beneficiary.
AC05	Account closed or inactive.	Account closed or inactive.
AC06	Account deactivated	Account deactivated
AG01	Agreement missing	Agreement missing
AG01	Account not found in the agreement	Account not found in the agreement
AG01	Transaction forbidden on this type of account.	Transaction forbidden on this type of account.
AM03	Incorrect currency	Incorrect currency
AM03	Non-processable currency	Non-processable currency
AM04	Insufficient funds on the account	Insufficient funds on the account
AM05	Double data	Double data
AM05	Duplicate payment	Duplicate payment
AM09	Incorrect amount	Incorrect amount
AM18	Invalid Number Of Transactions	Invalid number of transactions (used for urgent payments)
AM23	Transaction amount exceeds settlement limit.	Transaction amount exceeds settlement limit.
BE04	Payee's address missing	Payee's address missing

BE06	Payee's name missing	Payee's name missing
CNOR	Beneficiary bank not reachable by SCT INST	Beneficiary bank not reachable by SCT INST
DS04	The order was rejected.	The order was rejected by the bank side (for reasons concerning content).
DT01	Incorrect due date	Incorrect due date
ED01	Incorrect payee bank's BIC	Incorrect payee bank's BIC
FF01	Technical problem. Please contact customer support.	Technical problem. Please try again later. If the problem persists, please contact our customer support.
MS03	Reason not specified. Please contact the beneficiary about how to settle the transaction.	Reason not specified. Please contact the beneficiary.
NARR	Debtor Id missing	Debtor Id missing
NARR	Incorrect service level	Incorrect service level (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Incorrect category purpose	Incorrect category purpose (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Incorrect charge bearer	Incorrect charge bearer (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Sender not permitted	Sender not permitted
NARR	Incorrect urgency level	Incorrect urgency level (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Incorrect payer's bank	Incorrect payer's bank
NARR	Incorrect payment method	Incorrect payment method (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Payee bank's address missing	Payee bank's address missing
NARR	Payee bank's name and/or address missing	Payee bank's name and/or address missing
NARR	Incorrect payee bank's country code	Incorrect payee bank's country code
NARR	Incorrect payee's country code	Incorrect payee's country code
NARR	Incorrect account type for periodic payment	Incorrect account type for a periodic payment (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Incorrect reference	Incorrect reference
NARR	Money order service agreement missing	Money order service agreement missing (not in use for international payments)
NARR	Too many elements of supplementary information	Too many elements of supplementary information
NARR	Too much supplementary information	Too much supplementary information
NARR	Payment removed at customer's request	Payment removed at customer's request
NARR	Payer has several agreements	Payer has several agreements
NARR	Payment to payee failed	Payment to payee failed
NARR	Account not found	Account not found
NARR	Payee's account not found	Payee's account not found
NARR	Error in IBAN-BIC checking	Error in IBAN-BIC checking
NARR	No account number permitted on cheque	No account number permitted on cheque
NARR	Incorrect payee bank's information	Incorrect payee bank's information
NARR	Incomplete payee's name or address	Incomplete payee's name or address
NARR	Incorrect payee information	Incorrect payee information
NARR	Double payment	Double payment
NARR	Incomplete message information	Incomplete message information
NARR	Incorrect payment instrument	Incorrect payment instrument
NARR	Reference number mandatory	Reference number mandatory
NARR	Payment to chosen country not permitted	Payment to chosen country not permitted
NARR	Wrong length of payee account number	Wrong length of payee account number
NARR	Wrong BIC for payment order/urgent payment order	Wrong BIC for payment order/urgent payment order
NARR	IBAN/BIC combination not allowed	IBAN/BIC combination not allowed
NARR	Payment awaiting processing	Payment awaiting processing
NARR	AOS2 invoice specifications not allowed for SEPA Instant Credit Transfers	AOS2 invoice specifications not allowed for SEPA Instant Credit Transfers

RC01	Bank Identifier Code (BIC) is incorrect.	Bank Identifier Code (BIC) is incorrect.
RR01	Missing debtor account or identification	Missing debtor account or identification
RR02	Debtor's name or address is missing.	Debtor's name or address is missing.
RR03	Creditor's name or address is missing.	Creditor's name or address is missing.
TMO1	Invalid Cut Off Time	Cut-off time passed (used for urgent payments)

4.4 Report on processed payments ('camt')

When entering into the agreement, the customer selects whether 'camt' notifications will be created for successfully processed international payments, successfully processed SEPA credit transfers, successfully processed SEPA credit transfers, and international payments, or not at all.

Index	Element name	Element	Qty	Example content	Description
1.0	GroupHeader	<GrpHdr>	[1..1]		Each message contains one GrpHdr element that contains the common information for the message
1.1	+MessageIdentification	<MsgId>	[1..1]	457587587	Unique ID given by the bank to response data
1.2	+CreationDateTime	<CreDtTm>	[1..1]	2018-01-11T18:12:02+03:00	Response message creation timestamp
1.3	+MessageRecipient	<MsgRcpt>	[0..1]		
1.3...	++Identification	<Id>	[0..1]		
1.3...	+++OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]		
1.3...	++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
1.3...	+++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	1245678900	Receiver ID
1.3...	+++++SchemaName	<SchmeNm>	[0..1]		
1.3...	++++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]	BANK	
2.0	Notification	<Ntfctn>	[1..n]		Common information for the notification
2.1	+Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	4575875871	Notification identifier
2.4	+CreationDateTime	<CreDtTm>	[1..1]	2018-01-11T18:00:02+03:00	Creation time of notification by the bank
2.10	+Account	<Acct>	[1..1]		
2.10...	++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
2.10...	+++IBAN	<IBAN>	[1..1]	F12550001520322972	Debtor's account in IBAN format
2.10...	+++Other	<Othr>	[1..1]		
2.10...	++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		Debtor's account in other than IBAN format
1.2.11	++Currency	<Ccy>	[0..1]	EUR	Currency of the debtor's account
2.10...	+Servicer	<Svcr>	[0..1]		
2.10...	++FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	[1..1]		
2.10...	+++BIC	<BIC>	[0..1]	OKOYFIHH	Bank issuing the message
2.56	+Entry	<Ntry>	[0..n] 1..1		Common information for processed transactions In practice, there is always only one Entry level.
2.58	++Amount	<Amt>	[1..1]	250	Amount for processed transactions
2.58...		<CCy>	[1..1]	XXX	Currency for processed

					transactions Because the amount may be composed of transactions in different currencies, the currency code value used is XXX.
2.59	++CreditDebitIndicator	<CdtDbtInd>	[1..1]	DBIT	Indicator that this is a debit transaction
2.61	++Status	<Sts>	[1..1]	BOOK	The status of transactions in a notification is always BOOK
2.62	++BookingDate	<BookgDt>	[0..1]		
2.62...	+++Date	<Dt>	[1..1]	2018-11-02	Payment date
2.64	++AccountServicerReference	<AcctSvcr - Ref>	[0..1]		Transaction identifier for a bundled SEPA credit transfer transaction
2.71	++BankTransactionCode	<BkTxCd>	[1..1]		
2.77	+++Proprietary	<Prtry>	[0..1]		
2.78	++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]	Veloitus	Standard text
2.115	++Entry Details	<NtryDtls>	[0..n] 1..1		In practice, there is always only one Entry Details level
2.116	+++Batch	<Btch>	[0..1]		
2.118	++++PaymentInformationIdentification	<PmtInflD>	[0..1]	20180101-123456-01	The PmtInflD data from the 'pain.001' message
2.119	++++NumberOfTransactions	<NbOfTxs>	[0..1]		Total number of transactions in the original payment batch
2.122	+++TransactionDetails	<TxDtls>	[0..n]		Details of an individual processed transaction
2.123	++++References	<Refs>	[0..1]		
2.124	+++++MessageIdentification	<Msgld>	[0..1]		Contents of Msgld data in Pain.001 message
2.125	+++++AccountServicerReference	<AcctSvcr - Ref>	[0..1]		Filing number
2.127	+++++InstructionIdentification	<InstrId>	[0..1]		InstrId information in the Pain.001 message
2.128	+++++EndToEndIdentification	<EndToEndId>	[0..1]	9834454645554699	EndToEndId information in the Pain.001 message
2.136	++++AmountDetails	<AmtDtls>	[0..1]		Amount details for the transaction
2.136..	+++++InstructedAmount	<InstdAmt>	[0..1]		
2.136..	+++++Amount	<Amt> Attribuutti Ccy	[0..1]	USD 1328,80	Amount payable in the currency specified by the customer, Ccy the same as SourceCurrency
2.136..	+++++CurrencyExchange	<CcyXchg>	[0..1]		Exchange rate information
2.136..	+++++SourceCurrency	<SsrCcy>	[1..1]	USD	Currency of the amount instructed
2.136..	+++++TargetCurrency	<TrgtCcy>	[0..1]	EUR	Always EUR
2.136..	+++++UnitCurrency	<UnitCcy>	[0..1]	EUR	Always EUR
2.136..	+++++ExchangeRate	<XchgRate>	[1..1]	1.328800	Exchange rate
2.136..	+++++ContractIdentification	<CtrtId>	[0..1]		Foreign exchange trading reference
2.136..	++++TransactionAmount	<TxAmt>	[0..1]		
2.136..	+++++Amount	<Amt>Attribuutti Ccy	[1..1]	EUR 1000,00	Amount to be debited in the customer's account currency, Ccy the same as TargetCurrency

2.136..	+++++CurrencyExchange	<CcyXchg>	[0..1]		Exchange rate information
2.136..	+++++++SourceCurrency	<ScrCcy>	[1..1]	EUR	Always EUR
2.136..	+++++++TargetCurrency	<TrgtCcy>	[0..1]	EUR	Currency of the debit account
2.136..	+++++++UnitCurrency	<UnitCcy>	[0..1]	EUR	Currency of the debit account
2.136..	+++++++ExchangeRate	<XchgRate>	[1..1]	1.000000	Exchange rate
2.136..	+++++++ContractIdentifi- cation	<CtrtId>	[0..1]		Foreign exchange trading refer- ence
2.136..	++++CounterVal- ueAmount	<CntrVal- Amt>	[0..1]		
2.136..	+++++Amount	<Amt>At- tribuutti Ccy	[1..1]	EUR 1328,80	Counter value always in EUR
2.136..	+++++CurrencyExchange	<CcyXchg>	[0..1]		Exchange rate information
2.136..	+++++++SourceCurrency	<ScrCcy>	[1..1]	EUR	Always EUR
2.136..	+++++++TargetCurrency	<TrgtCcy>	[0..1]	EUR	Always EUR
2.136..	+++++++UnitCurrency	<UnitCcy>	[0..1]	EUR	Always EUR
2.136..	+++++++ExchangeRate	<XchgRate>	[1..1]	1.000000	Exchange rate constant 1.000000
2.136..	+++++++QuotationDate	<QtnDt>	[0..1]	2018-02- 11T14:12:02+03:00	Time of currency conversion
2.152	++++Charges	<Chrgs>	[0..n]		
2.154	+++++Amount	<Amt>	[1..1]	0.00	Always 0.00
2.160	+++++Bearer	 	[0..1]	SHAR	Charge bearer code
2.179	+++++RelatedParties	<RltdPties>	[0..1]		Payment parties
2.181	+++++Debtor	<Dbtr>	[0..1]		
2.181..	+++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]	Company Ltd	Payer's name
2.181..	+++++Identification	<Id>	[0..1]		Debtor's identification data
2.181..	+++++++Organisa- tionIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]		
2.181..	+++++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
2.181..	+++++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	12345678900	Payer identifier
2.183	+++++UltimateDebtor	<UltmtDbtr>	[0..1]		
2.183..	+++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		Name of original debtor
2.184	+++++Creditor	<Cdtr>	[0..1]		
2.184..	+++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]	Ewing Oil	Payee's name
2.184..	+++++PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	[0..1]		
2.184..	+++++++Country	<Ctry>	[0..1]	US	Country code of payee's bank
2.184..	+++++++AddressLine	<AdrLine>	[0..7]	5th Avenue	Payee's address
2.184..	+++++++AddressLine	<AdrLine>		Dallas	
2.184..	+++++++AddressLine	<AdrLine>		TEXAS 1234	
2.184..	+++++++AddressLine	<AdrLine>		USA	
2.184..	+++++Identification	<Id>	[0..1]		Creditor's identification data
2.184..	+++++++Organisation Identification	<OrgId>	[1..1]		
2.184..	+++++++BICorBEI	<BICorBEI>	[0..1]		BIC or BEI
2.184..	+++++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
2.184..	+++++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		Corporate customer's ID
2.184..	+++++++PrivatIdentifica- tion	<PrvtId>	[1..1]		
2.184..	+++++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
2.184..	+++++++Identification		[1..1]		Private customer's ID
2.185	+++++CreditorAccount	<CdtrAcct>	[0..1]		
2.185..	+++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
2.185..	+++++++IBAN	<IBAN>	[1..1]		Creditor's account in IBAN for- mat

2.185..	+++++Other	<Othr>	[1..1]		
2.185..	+++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	9876543210	Creditor's non-IBAN account
2.186	+++++UltimateCreditor	<UltmtCdtr>	[0..1]		
2.186..	+++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		Name of ultimate creditor (not used in international payments)
2.191	++++RelatedAgents	<RltdAgts>	[0..1]		
2.193	++++CreditorAgent	<CdtrAgt>	[0..1]		Creditor's bank details
2.193..	+++++FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnld>	[1..1]		
2.193..	+++++BIC	<BIC>	[0..1]	IRVTUS3N	BIC code for creditor's bank
2.193..	+++++ClearingSystemMemberIdentification	<ClrSysMmbld>	[0..1]		
2.193..	+++++MemberIdentification	<Mmbld>	[1..1]		Clearing code for creditor's bank
2.193..	+++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		Name of payee's bank
2.193..	+++++PostalAddress	<PstlAdr>	[0..1]		
2.193..	+++++AddressLine	<AdrLine>	[0..7]		Address of payee's bank
2.204	++++Purpose	<Purp>	[0..1]		Purpose of payment
2.205	++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		Additional information on the purpose of the credit transfer from the debtor to the creditor
2.214	++++RemittanceInformation	<RmtInf>	[0..1]		
2.215	++++Unstructured	<Ustrd>	[0..n]	Invoice 5656	Unstructured message to the creditor.
2.216	++++Structured	<Strd>	[0..n] 0..9		Structured message to the creditor In practice, there may not be more than 999 structured messages.
2.217	+++++ReferredDocumentInformation	<RfrdDocInf>	[0..n]		Credit note information
2.218	+++++Type	<Tp>	[0..1]		
2.219	+++++CodeOrProprietary	<CdOrPrtry>	[1..1]		
2.219..	+++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		RfrdDocInf/RfrdDocTp/Cd information in the Pain.001 message that can be either CREN or CINV
2.225	+++++ReferredDocumentAmount	<RfrdDocAmt>	[0..1]		
2.228	+++++CreditNoteAmount	<CdtNoteAmt>	[0..1]		CdtNoteAmt information content in Pain.001 message
2.235	+++++RemittedAmount	<RmtdAmt>	[0..1]		RmtdAmt information content in Pain.001 message
2.236	+++++CreditorReferenceInformation	<CdtrRefInf>	[0..1]		
2.237	+++++Type	<Tp>	[0..1]		
	+++++CodeOrProprietary	<CdOrPrtry>	[1..1]		
2.239	+++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		The 'Cd' information from the 'pain.001' message

2.242	++++++Reference	<Ref>	[0..1]		CdtrRef information content (SCOR) in Pain.001 message
2.245	+++++AdditionalRemittanceInformation	<Add-tIRntInf>	[0..1]		AddtIRmtInf information content in Pain.001 message
2.246	++++RelatedDates	<RltdDts>	[0..1]		
2.247	+++++Acceptance-DateTime	<Accpt-ncDtTm>	[0..1]	2018-11-02	Transaction-specific payment date This is the same as on batch level in 2.62.
2.250	+++++InterbankSettlementDate	<In-trBkSttlmDt>	[0..1]		International settlement date

4.5 Response message to a real-time C2B SEPA instant payment initiation message and the reasons of rejection

Index	Qty	Element	Example content	Description
1.0	1..1	GrpHdr		
1.1	1..1	+MsgId	153986	Unique ID assigned by the bank to the response payload
1.2	1..1	+CreDtTm	2018-05-12T07:51:47.092+03:00	Creation date and time of response message
2.0	1..1	OrgnlGrpInfAndSts		
2.1	1..1 {Or	+OrgnlMsgId	20180501-0000001	Identification from the original pain.001.001.02 message (MsgId)
2.2	Or} 0..1	+NtwkFileNm	32429010	Technical identifier of request message Used only if technical validation fails.
2.3	1..1	+OrgnlMsgNmId	pain.001.001.02	Type of original message (pain.001.001.02)
2.4	0..1	+OrgnlCreDtTm	2018-05-12T07:51:39.019+03:00	Timestamp from the original message's CreDtTm
2.6	0..1	+OrgnlNbOfTxs	1	Number of transactions in the original message; for instant payments, 1 in all cases.
2.8	0..1	+GrpSts	ACSC	Payload status code ACSC – payload performed successfully RJCT – payload rejected PDNG – payload status 'Pending'
2.9	0..1	+StsRsnInf		More detailed description of status data
2.10	0..1	++ StsOrgtr		
2.10	1..1	+++ Id		
2.10	1..1	++++ OrgId		
2.10	1..1	+++++ PrtryId		
2.10	1..1	+++++ Id	1000011444	WSC username Used only if technical validation fails.
2.11	0..1	++StsRsn		
2.12	1..1	+++Cd		Rejection reason code.

2.14	0..1	++AddtlStsRsnInf		Error description (optional), to provide additional information for the above code
3.0	0..n	+TxInfAndSts		Status of individual payment / batch
3.2	0..1	++OrgnlPmntInflD	20180501-123456-01	Unique payload identifier given by the customer from field PmntInflD
3.3	0..1	++OrgnlInstrId		Unique payment identifier given by the customer: from the InstrId field of the pain.001.001.02 message
3.4	0..1	++OrgnlEndToEndId	9834454645554699	From the EndToEndId field of the pain.001.001.02 message
3.5	0..1	++OrgnlTxId	593728MD0002	Transaction identifier
3.6	0..1	++TxSts	ACSC	Payment/batch status code ACSC – payment/batch performed successfully RJCT – payment/batch is rejected PDNG – payment/batch status is 'Pending'
3.7	0..1	++StsRsnInf		
3.9	0..1	+++StsRsn		
3.10	1..1	++++Cd		Reason code for payment with status 'Rejected' or 'Pending'
3.12	0..1	+++AddtlStsRnsInf		Error description (optional), to provide additional information for the above code
3.19	0..1	+++Amt		
3.20	1..1	++++InstAmt	150.00	Amount for transaction/batch
3.25	0..1	+++ReqdExctnDt	2018-05-12	Due date
3.98	0..1	+++DbtrAcct		Payer's account
3.98...	1..1	++++Id		
3.98...	1..1	++++IBAN	FI2550001520322972	Account number in IBAN format
3.104	0..1	+++CdtrAcct		Payee's account
3.104...	1..1	++++Id		
3.104...	1..1	++++IBAN	FI2112345600000785	Account number in IBAN format

Reason for rejection codes due to real-time C2B instant payments

AB05	Clearing process aborted due to timeout at the Beneficiary PSP (Creditor Agent).
AB09	Transaction failed due to error at the creditor agent. Please try again later.
AC01	Incorrect account number.
AC04	Beneficiary account closed. Please contact the beneficiary.
AC05	Account closed or inactive.
AG01	Transaction forbidden on this type of account.
AM04	Insufficient funds on the account.
AM05	Duplicate payment.
AM23	Transaction amount exceeds settlement limit.
BE04	Creditor's address is missing.
CNOR	Beneficiary bank not reachable by SCT INST
DS04	The order was rejected by the bank side (for reasons concerning content).
DT01	Invalid due date.

FF01	Technical problem. Please contact customer support.
MS03	Reason not specified. Please contact the beneficiary about how to settle the transaction.
RC01	Bank Identifier Code (BIC) is incorrect.
RR01	Missing debtor account or identification
RR02	Debtor's name or address is missing.
RR03	Creditor's name or address is missing.

5 C2B cancellation request (camt.055.001.01)

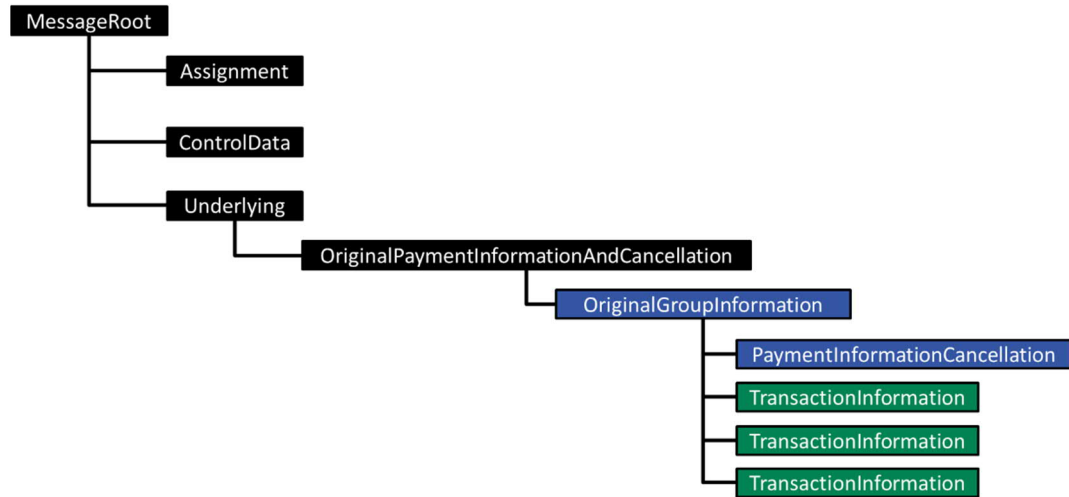
With the C2B cancellation request message, it is possible to cancel payment batches consisting of C2B SEPA payments or international payments, or individual C2B SEPA payments or international payments pending for the requested execution date. Cancellation requests concerning the entire payload are not possible; the entire payload can be cancelled by cancelling the batches included in the payload. A C2B cancellation request initiated by the customer is processed using the Web Services channel. A service fee according to the service price list in force applies to the cancellation.

The C2B cancellation request message is an international ISO 20022 message in XML format. The schema for the cancellation request sent to the bank is camt.055.001.01. The sent payload is validated against the schema by technical means. If the payload validation returns an error, the customer is given the following responses:

- If the Web Services channel schema validation finds an error, the customer is given the '12 schema validation failed' error message during the session. For a detailed reason for the rejection, call our Corporate and Credit Transfer Service (tel. +358 100 05151) or validate the payload using, for example, the validation service provided by XMLdata-tion.com.
- If mandatory information is missing from a received cancellation request, the customer will receive a single 'camt.029' response with no batch or payment level.
- If the entire batch or all individual payments are rejected, the customer will receive a single 'camt.029' response.
- If the entire batch or all individual payments are approved, the customer will receive a single 'camt.029' response.
- If some of the batches or individual payments are rejected and approved, the customer will receive a single 'camt.029' response containing both the rejected and approved payment batches or payments.
- For the time being, a bank employee can also manually cancel transactions pending for the requested execution date.

Structure of the cancellation request message

3



- common parts of message presented in black; to be provided in all cases
- elements associated with the payment (<OrgnPmtInfAndCxl>) presented in blue; to be provided in all cases
- elements associated with the individual payment <TxInf>; to be provided only for the cancellation of individual payments

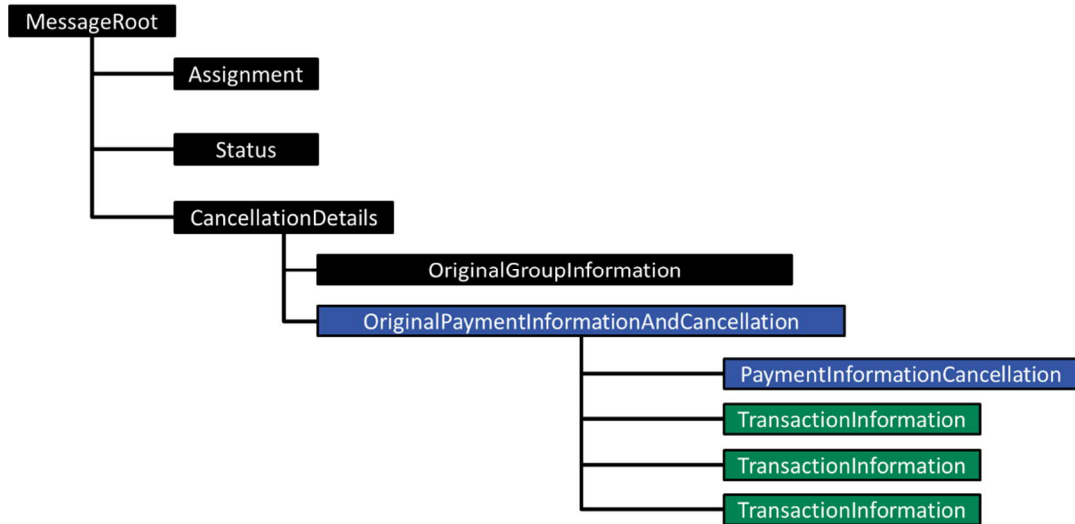
Index	Element name	Element	Qty	Example content	Description
1.0	Assignment	<Assgnmt>	[1..1]		Each message has one Assgnmt block that contains the common information for the message
1.1	+Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	45758758743544	Unique ID given by customer to the cancellation request message
1.2	+Assigner	<Assgnr>	[1..1]	Yritys Oy	Information of the sender of the cancellation request message
1.3	++Party	<Pty>	[1..1]		
1.5.1.	+++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		Name of debtor company
1.5.1.	+++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
1.5.1.	+++OrganisationIdentification	<Orgld>	[1..1]		
1.5.1.	++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
1.5.1. 16	+++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		Payment identifier; mandatory datum to be provided in element 4.26 for each batch, or in here, if the cancellation request pertains to an individual initiation message under the payment identifier.
1.5.1. 17	+++++SchemeName	<SchmeNm>	[0..1]		
1.5.1. 18	++++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		Value: BANK
1.5	+Assignee	<Assgne>	[1..1]		
1.7	++Agent	<Agt>	[1..1]		

1.2.1.0	+++FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	[1..1]		
1.2.1.1	++++BIC		[0..1]	OKOYFIHH	Receiver of cancellation request; standard value: OKOYFIHH
1.8	+CreationDateTime	<CreDtTm>	[1..1]	2017-12-17T09:30:47Z	Timestamp for message creation time
3.0	ControlData	<CtrlData>	[0..1]		Control data for the cancellation message. The number and amount must be equal to the number and amount of transactions to be cancelled by the message.
3.1	+NumberOfTransactions	<NbOfTxs>	[1..1]		Number of transactions to be cancelled
3.2	+ControlSum	<CtrlSum>	[0..1]		Total amount of transactions to be cancelled.
4.0	Underlying	<Undrlyg>	[1..n]		Information of the transaction underlying the cancellation; one item per message
4.1	+OriginalGroupInformationAndCancellation	<OrgnlGrpInfAndCxl>	[0..1]		Elements 4.9 – 4.13 relate to the identification of the original message.
4.2	++GroupCancellationIdentification	<GrpCxlId>	[0..1]		Identifier assigned by sender to the cancellation request
4.9	++OriginalMessageIdentification	<OrgnlMsgId>	[1..1]		Identifier assigned by sender to the original message MsgId
4.10	++OriginalMessageNameIdentification	<OrgnlMsgNmId>	[1..1]	pain.001.01.02	Type and version of the original message sent by customer
4.11	++OriginalCreationDateTime	<OrgnlCreDtTm>	[0..1]	2017-12-17T09:30:47Z	Creation time and date of the original message sent by customer
4.12	++NumberOfTransactions	<NbOfTxs>	[0..1]	2	Number of transactions in the original message
4.13	++ControlSum	<CtrlSum>	[0..1]	1234.00	Total amount of transactions in the original message
4.14	++GroupCancellation	<GrpCxl>	[0..1]	False	The cancellation request message is processed by default as if the cancellation of one or multiple individual payments or batches were requested, irrespective of whether the 'Group Cancellation' element is included in the message. The information of at least one batch must be provided (4.2.1).
4.21	+OriginalPaymentInformationAndCancellation	<OrgnlPmtInfAndCxl>	[0..n]		Information of the original batch the cancellation of which is requested.
4.22	++PaymentCancellationIdentification	<PmtCxlId>	[0..1]		Identifier of the batch cancellation request
4.23	++Case	<Case>	[0..1]		Data group must be provided, if no payment identifier is given in element 1.3. Information is primarily checked from this element.
4.24	+++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		

4.25	+++Creator	<Cretr>	[1..1]		Information of the creator of the cancellation request
4.26	++++Party	<Pty>	[1..1]		
5.1.12	+++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
5.1.13	++++++OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]		
5.1.15	+++++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
5.1.16	+++++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	12345678900	<p>The elements associated with the payment identifier must be provided here, if the message contains cancellation requests related to multiple payment identifiers.</p> <p>The payment identifier can be given message-specifically in element 1.3.</p>
5.1.17	+++++++SchemeName		[0..1]		
5.1.18	+++++++Code		[1..1]		Value: BANK
4.29	++OriginalPaymentInformationIdentification	<OrgnlPmtInfld>	[1..1]		The identifier of the original batch sent by customer is mandatory datum to be provided in the cancellation request message in all cases.
4.34	++NumberOfTransactions	<NbOfTxs>	[0..1]	2	Mandatory. Must be equal to the number of transactions to be cancelled from the batch.
4.35	++ControlSum	<CtrlSum>	[0..1]	1234.00	Mandatory. Must be equal to the total amount of transactions to be cancelled from the batch.
4.36	++PaymentInformationCancellation	<PmtInfCxl>	[0..1]	True False	<p>Cancellation request pertains to the entire batch; information of individual transactions (4.43) not permitted.</p> <p>Cancellation request pertains to one or multiple individual transactions: information of the individual transactions (4.43) mandatory.</p>
At least one piece of the identifying information on the original payment is mandatory when cancelling an individual payment. One of the following elements must be present: 4.51, 4.52 or 6.1.495					
4.43	++TransactionInformation	<TxInf>	[0..n]		Information related to the cancellation of an individual payment.
4.44	+++CancellationIdentification	<CxlId>	[0..1]		Identifier for the cancellation of an individual transaction.
4.51	+++OriginalInstructionIdentification	<OrgnlInstrId>	[0..1]		Identifier assigned by sender to the original payment. Recommended.
4.52	+++OriginalEndToEndIdentification	<OrgnlEndToEndId>	[0..1]		Identifier passed on to creditor in the original payment. Recommended.
4.53	+++OriginalInstructedAmount	<OrgnlInstrAmt>	[0..1]	1234.00	Amount of the original payment
4.53	+++OriginalInstructedAmount	<OrgnlInstrAmt>	[0..1]	EUR	Currency code of the original payment

		attribuutti Ccy			
4.54	+++OriginalRequestedExecutionDate	<Or-gnlReqdExct-nDt>	[0..1]		Requested execution date of the original payment
4.62	++OriginalTransactionReference	<OrgnlTxRef>	[0..1]		Reference information of creditor, debtor, accounts, etc. of the payment to be cancelled.
6.1. 467	+++RemittanceInformation	<RmtInf>	[0..1]		Remittance information of the original payment; only one (1) structured element permitted. Structured invoice itemisation (=ERI) rejected upon receipt, not processed.
6.1. 469	++++Structured	<Strd>	[0..1]		
6.1. 489	+++++CreditorReferenceInformation	<CdtrRefInf>	[0..1]		
6.1. 490	+++++Type	<Tp>	[0..1]		
6.1. 491	+++++CodeOrProprietary	<CdOrPrtry>	[1..1]		
6.1. 473	+++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		Value: SCOR
6.1. 495	+++++Reference	<Ref>			Reference of the original payment transaction.
6.1. 626	+++Debtor	<Dbtr>	[0..1]		Payer
6.1. 627	++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		
6.1. 669	+++DebtorAccount	<DbtrAcct>	[0..1]		
6.1. 670	++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
6.1. 671	+++++IBAN	<IBAN>	[1..1]		Debtor's account number in IBAN format
6.1. 791	+++Creditor	<Cdtr>	[0..1]		Payee
6.1. 792	++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		Payee's name
6.1. 834	+++CreditorAccount	<CdtrAcct>	[0..1]		
6.1. 835	++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
6.1. 836	+++++IBAN	<IBAN>	[1..1]		Payee's account number in IBAN format

6 Response to C2B cancellation request (camt.029.001.03)



- common parts of message presented in black; to be provided in all cases
- elements associated with the payment <OrgnlPmtInfAndSts> presented in blue; to be provided in all cases
- elements associated with the individual payment <TxInfAndSts>; to be provided only for the cancellation of individual payments

Index	Element name	Element	Qty	Example content	Description
1.0	Assignment	<Assgnmt>	[1..1]		Each message has one Assgnmt block that contains the common information for the message
1.1	+Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	45758758743544	Identifier assigned by bank to response message.
1.2	+Assigner	<Assgnr>	[1..1]		
1.4	++Agent	<Agt>	[1..1]		
2.1.0	+++FinancialInstitutionIdentification	<FinInstnId>	[1..1]		
2.1.1	++++BIC	<BIC>	[0..1]	OKOYFIHH	Sender of response message; OKOYFIHH in all cases.
1.5	+Assignee	<Assgne>	[1..1]		
1.6	++Party	<Pty>	[1..1]		
5.1.0	+++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]	Yritys Oy	Information of the receiver of response message (= sender of the cancellation request message)
5.1.12	+++Identification	<Id>	[0..1]		
5.1.13	++++OrganisationIdentification	<OrgId>	[1..1]		
5.1.15	+++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
5.1.16	+++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		Payment identifier; from element 1.3 in the cancellation request message.
5.1.17	+++++SchemeName	<SchmeNm>	[0..1]		
5.1.18	+++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		Value BANK, if payment identifier is returned in this element.

1.8	+CreationDateTime	<CreDtTm>	[1..1]	2017-12-17T09:30:47Z	Response message creation timestamp
3.0	Status	<Sts>	[1..1]		Processing information for the cancellation message
3.9	+AssignmentCancellationConfirmation	<AssgnmentCxlConf>	[1..1]	True	Constant value: True
4.0	CancellationDetails	<CxlDtls>	[0..n]		in practice, only one instance of this element is generated.
4.1	+OriginalGroupInformationAndStatus	<OrgnlGrpInfAndSts>	[0..1]		
4.2	++OriginalGroupCancellationIdentification	<OrgnlGrpCxlId>	[0..1]		Identifier of the original cancellation request message from element 4.2.
4.9	++OriginalMessageIdentification	<OrgnlMsgId>	[1..1]		Identifier of the original payment initiation message from element 4.9.
4.10	++OriginalMessageNameIdentification	<OrgnlMsgNmId>	[1..1]	pain.001.001.02	Type and version of the original payment initiation message from element 4.10 in the cancellation request message.
4.11	++OriginalCreationDateTime	<OrgnlCreDtTm>	[0..1]	2017-12-17T09:30:47Z	Creation time of the original payment initiation message from element 4.11 in the cancellation request message.
4.12	++OriginalNumberOfTransactions	<OrgnlNbOfTxes>	[0..1]	2	Number of transactions in the original payment message from element 4.12 in the cancellation request message.
4.13	++OriginalControlSum	<OrgnlCtrlSum>	[0..1]	1234.00	Amount of transactions in the original payment initiation message from element 4.13 in the cancellation request message.
4.14	++GroupCancellationStatus	<GrpCxlSts>	[0..1]		Status options for the cancellation message: ACCR processed successfully PACR processed successfully in part RJCR rejected, not processed
4.15	++CancellationStsReasonInformation	<CxlStsRsnInf>	[0..n]		Element included in response message, if the status of cancellation request message is RJCR.
4.17	+++Reason	<Rsn>	[0..1]		
4.19	++++Proprietary	<Prtry>	[1..1]		Rejection reason code
4.20	+++AdditionalInformation	<AddtlInf>	[0..n]		Additional information provided by bank in the response
4.25	+OriginalPaymentInformationAndStatus	<OrgnlPmtInfAndSts>	[0..n]		Processing information of the cancellation request for the original payment batch; to be returned in all cases
4.26	++OriginalPaymentInformationCancellationIdentification	<OrgnlPmtInfCxlId>	[0..1]		Identifier of the cancellation request for the original payment batch (element 4.22 in the cancellation request message)

4.27	++ResolvedCase	<RslvdCase>	[0..1]		Information of the original cancellation request message from elements 4.23 – 4.27
4.28	+++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
4.29	+++Creator	<Cretr>	[1..1]		Information of the creator of the original cancellation request
4.30	++++Party	<Pty>	[1..1]		
5.1.2	+++++Identification	<Id>	[0..1]		
5.1.13	++++++OrganisationIdentification	<Orgld>	[1..1]		
5.1.15	+++++++Other	<Othr>	[0..n]		
5.1.16	+++++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]	12345678900	Payment identifier; from element 4.26 in the original cancellation request message
5.1.17	+++++++SchemeName	<SchmeNm>	[0..1]		
5.1.18	+++++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		Value BANK, if payment identifier is returned in this element.
4.33	++OriginalPaymentInformationIdentification	<OrgnlPmtInfld>	[1..1]		The identifier of the original batch is returned to customer in the format used in the cancellation request message received in element 4.29
4.38	++OriginalNumberOfTransactions	<OrgnlNbOfTx>	[0..1]	1	Number received in element 4.34 of the original cancellation request message.
4.39	++OriginalControlSum	<OrgnlCtrlSum>	[0..1]	1200.00	Amount received in element 4.35 of the original cancellation request message.
4.40	++PaymentInformationCancellationStatus	<PmtInfCxlSts>	[0..1]		Status of cancellation request for a batch ; values: ACCR approved RJCR rejected NOTE! This element is empty where individual transactions are cancelled.
4.41	++CancellationStatusReasonInformation	<CxlStsRsnInf>	[0..n]		Reason information for the rejection of a batch if status RJCR
4.43	+++Reason	<Rsn>	[0..1]		
4.45	++++Proprietary	<Prtry>	[1..1]		Rejection reason code
4.46	+++AdditionalInformation	<AddtlInf>	[0..n]		Additional information on rejection reason
4.51	++TransactionInformationAndStatus	<TxInfAndSts>	[0..n]		Information concerning the cancellation of individual payment transactions
4.52	+++CancellationStatusIdentification	<CxlStsId>	[0..1]		Identifier for the cancellation of individual transaction from element 4.44 in the cancellation request message
4.59	+++OriginalInstructionIdentification	<OrgnlInstrId>	[0..1]		Identifier of the original payment initiation message from element 4.51.
4.60	+++OriginalEndToEndIdentification	<OrgnlEndToEndId>	[0..1]		Identifier of the original payment initiation message from element 4.52 in the cancellation request

					message.
4.61	+++TransactionCancellationStatus	<TxCxlSts>	[0..1]		Status of cancellation request for individual transaction; values: ACCR approved RJCR rejected
4.62	+++CancellationStatusReasonInformation	<CxlStsRsnInf>	[0..n]		Reason information for the rejection of individual transaction if status RJCR
4.64	++++Reason	<Rsn>	[0..1]		
4.65	+++++Proprietary	<Prtry>	[1..1]		Rejection reason code
4.67	+++++AdditionalInformation	<AddtlInf>	[0..n]		Additional information on rejection reason
4.68	+++OriginalInstructedAmount	<OrgnlInstrAmt>	[0..1]	1234.00	Amount of the original payment from element 4.53 in the cancellation request message.
4.68	+++OriginalInstructedAmount	<OrgnlInstrAmt> attributu Ccy	[0..1]	EUR	Currency code of the original payment from element 4.53 of the cancellation request message
4.69	+++OriginalRequestedExecutionDate	<OrgnlReqdExctnDt>	[0..1]		Requested execution date of the original payment from element 4.54 in the cancellation request message.
4.71	+++OriginalTransactionReference	<OrgnlTxRef>	[0..1]		Reference information on the payment transaction cancelled, accounts, etc., from element 4.62 in the cancellation request message
6.1. 467	+++RemittanceInformation	<RmtInf>	[0..1]		Remittance information of the original payment
6.1. 469	++++Structured	<Strd>	[0..1]		
6.1. 489	+++++CreditorReferenceInformation	<CdtrRefInf>	[0..1]		
6.1. 490	+++++Type	<Tp>	[0..1]		
6.1. 491	+++++CodeOrProprietary	<CdOrPrtry>	[1..1]		
6.1. 473	+++++Code	<Cd>	[1..1]		Value: SCOR
6.1. 495	+++++Reference	<Ref>			Reference of the original payment transaction.
6.1. 626	+++Debtor	<Dbtr>	[0..1]		Payer
6.1. 627	++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		
6.1. 669	+++DebtorAccount	<DbtrAcct>	[0..1]		
6.1. 670	++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
6.1. 671	+++++IBAN	<IBAN>	[1..1]		Debtor's account number in IBAN format
6.1. 791	+++Creditor	<Cdtr>	[0..1]		Payee
6.1. 792	++++Name	<Nm>	[0..1]		Payee's name
6.1. 834	+++CreditorAccount	<CdtrAcct>	[0..1]		
6.1. 835	++++Identification	<Id>	[1..1]		
6.1. 836	+++++IBAN	<IBAN>	[1..1]		Payee's account number in IBAN format

- Cancellation request rejected in schema validation
 - The '12 schema validation failed' message is given immediately during the session.

- Cancellation request rejected in technical validation
 - The 'GroupCancellationStatus' value in the response message is 'RJCT'
 - No batch or transaction level information is given.
- Cancellation request accepted:
 - The 'GroupCancellationStatus' value in the response message is 'ACCR'.
 - 'PaymentInformationCancellationStatus' for each accepted batch cancellation request is ACCR.
 - 'TransactionCancellationStatus' for each accepted transaction cancellation request is ACCR.
- Cancellation request partially accepted:
 - The 'GroupCancellationStatus' value in the response message is PACR.
 - 'PaymentInformationCancellationStatus' for each accepted batch cancellation request is ACCR or RJCT.
 - 'TransactionCancellationStatus' for each accepted transaction cancellation request is ACCR or RJCT.
- Cancellation request is rejected:
 - The 'GroupCancellationStatus' value in the response message is RJCR.
 - 'PaymentInformationCancellationStatus' for each rejected batch cancellation request is RJCR.
 - 'TransactionCancellationStatus' for each rejected transaction cancellation request is RJCR.

Reasons for rejections

Notification	Description
Account not found in the agreement	Account not found in the agreement
Debit account not possible at the moment	Debit account not possible at the moment
Debtor Id missing	Debtor Id missing
Double data	Double data
Incomplete message information	Incomplete message information
Incomplete transaction identification information	Incomplete transaction identification information
Incorrect account	Incorrect account
Incorrect category purpose	Incorrect category purpose
Incorrect charge bearer	Incorrect charge bearer
Incorrect currency	Incorrect currency
Incorrect due date	Incorrect due date
Incorrect payer's bank	Incorrect payer's bank
Incorrect payment method	Incorrect payment method
Incorrect service level	Incorrect service level
Missing agreement	Missing agreement

Notification	Description
Not allowed sender	Sender not allowed
Payer's account may not be a foreign bank's account	Payer's account may not be a foreign bank's account
Payment already cancelled	Payment already cancelled
Payment already processed	Payment already processed
Payment cancellation not allowed	Payment cancellation not allowed
Payment cancelled at customer's request	Payment cancelled at customer's request
Payment to be cancelled not found	Payment to be cancelled not found
Transaction already cancelled	Transaction already cancelled
Transaction already processed	Transaction already processed
Transaction cancellation not allowed	Transaction cancellation not allowed
Transaction to be cancelled not found	Transaction to be cancelled not found